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Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which of the following is not an influence of service-orientation? Select the correct answer.

Options:

- A- Object-Oriented Analysis and Design (OOAD)
- B- Business Process Management (BPM)
- C- Enterprise Application Integration (EAI)
- D- Fluid Dynamics (FD)

Answer:

D

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

The Service Statelessness principle aims to establish a mechanism for the runtime deferral of state data in order to minimize a _____ condition when the service is _____. Select the correct answer.

Options:

- A- stateful, passive
- B- stateless, passive
- C- stateful, active
- D- stateless, active

Answer:

C

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which of the following statements correctly explains the difference between the Service Reusability and Service Composability principles? Select the correct answer.

Options:

- A-** Service Reusability is focused on creating generic, reusable service logic, whereas Service Composability is focused on creating services that are effective participants of multiple service compositions.
- B-** Service Reusability is focused on creating non-agnostic service logic, whereas Service Composability is focused on creating agnostic service logic.
- C-** Service Reusability is focused on creating highly scalable services, whereas Service Composability is focused on creating highly isolated services.
- D-** There is no difference between these two principles. One principle name is used instead of the other depending on whether you are building a task or entity service.

Answer:

A

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

The Service Loose Coupling principle advocates which of the following coupling types? Select the correct answer.

Options:

- A- Contract-to-Implementation
- B- Consumer-to-Contract
- C- Logic-to-Contract
- D- None of the above.

Answer:

C

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A service is sometimes referred to as an enterprise resource because: Select the correct answer.

Options:

- A- It establishes itself as a resource that is of use to more than one part of the enterprise.

- B-** It can only be defined by enterprise architects.
- C-** It always depends on the availability of enterprise legacy systems.
- D-** None of the above.

Answer:

A

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which of the following characteristics directly supports or enables behavioral predictability within services? Select the correct answer.

Options:

- A-** availability (service downtime and periods of unavailability are minimized)
- B-** maintainability (the service is easily evolved over time without disrupting existing relationships with service consumers)
- C-** reliability (the service provides consistent results and performance)
- D-** All of the above.

Answer:

D

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which of the following statements is true? SELECT ALL THAT APPLY

Options:

- A-** The Service Composability principle is closely associated with the Service Reusability principle because service composition can be seen as a form of reuse.
- B-** The Service Composability principle is highly revolutionary because the concept of aggregating software programs is new to distributed computing.
- C-** The Service Composability principle emphasizes that services need to be designed to participate as effective members of multiple service compositions.
- D-** The Service Composability principle prepares services for immediate and eventual participation in compositions.

Answer:

A, C, D

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which of the following is a common challenge imposed by the adoption of service-orientation? Select the correct answer.

Options:

- A-** Service-orientation introduces the need for design standards, which need to be followed and enforced.
- B-** Service-orientation requires that you commit to one vendor platform, which can limit your product options.
- C-** Service-orientation requires that services be protected from repeated reuse, which can reduce potential ROI.
- D-** Service-orientation introduces the need to make all implementation details about each service publicly available, which can lead to the misuse of this information by some project teams.

Answer:

A

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