

Free Questions for 1Z0-497 by certscare

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Question Type: MultipleChoice

For which use case would you use a rolling upgrade with the Oracle Active Data Guard feature?

Options:

- A- when upgrading from Oracle Database 12c to the first patch set of Oracle Database 12c
- B- when upgrading from Oracle Database 10g to Oracle Database 12c
- C- when upgrading from Oracle Database 11g to Oracle Database 12c
- D- when upgrading from any previous version of Oracle Database to Oracle Database 12c

Answer:

Α

Explanation:

You will be able to use this feature to perform database version upgrades starting with the first patchset of Oracle Database 12c (that is, you cannot use it to upgrade from any version earlier than the first Oracle Database 12c patchset). This means that the manual

Transient Logical Standby upgrade procedure must still be used when upgrading from Oracle Database 11g to Oracle Database 12c, or when upgrading from the initial Oracle Database 12c release to the first patchese of Oracle Database 12c.

Oracle Data Guard Concepts and Administration, 12c, Using DBMS_ROLLING to Perform a Rolling Upgrade

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which three options best describe Patch Set Updates (PSUs) in Oracle Database 12c?

Options:

- A- non-cumulative
- **B-** multi-version
- C- proactive
- **D-** stabilizing
- E- cumulative

Answer:

C, D, E

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You are in the middle of transaction, updating a table. The machine on which the database is running reboots because of a power outage. This causes a database instance failure.

Which statement is true in this situation?

Options:

- A- The online redo log files and archived redo log files are required to accomplish a recovery.
- B- The uncommitted transaction is committed at the next startup of the database instance.
- C- The uncommitted transaction is rolled back automatically at the next opening of the database.
- **D-** The DBA has to perform a recovery on the database to recover the uncommitted transaction.

Answer:

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Identify two solutions that Oracle provides for patch conflict.

Options:

- A- merge patch
- B- combine patch
- C- overlay patch
- D- dual patch
- E- super patch

Answer:

A, C

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Several tables are accidentally deleted from a PDB. Which database would you immediately connect to, and as which user, to recover these tables?

Options:

- A- the CDB as the ROOT user
- B- the CDB as the CDBADMIN user
- C- the PDB as the ROOT user
- D- the PDB as the PDB Admin user

Answer:

D

Explanation:

https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/BRADV/rcmflash.htm#BRADV81511

Question Type: M	lultipleChoice
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Which parameter can be changed by explicitly re-creating the control file or by using the DBNEWID utility?

Options:

- A- db_name
- **B-** maxdatafiles
- C- control_files
- **D-** instance_name

Answer:

Α

Explanation:

http://docs.oracle.com/cd/B10501_01/server.920/a96652/ch14.htm

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which two statements are true when you execute an invoker's rights procedure?

Options:

- A- The owner must have the INHERIT PRIVILEGES object privilege on the invoking user, or the INHERIT ANY PRIVILEGES privilege.
- B- Invoking users can control who can access their privileges when they run an invoker's rights procedure.
- C- The calling user must be granted the INHERIT PRIVILEGES object privilege on the user owner of the procedure.
- D- The calling user must grant the INHERIT PRIVILEGES object privilege on the user owner of the procedure.

Answer:

A, B

Explanation:

http://docs.oracle.com/cd/E16655_01/network.121/e17607/dr_ir.htm#DBSEG661

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You create a CDB with four containers: the loot, the seed, and two pluggable databases PDB1 and PDB2. Which four items can reside In PDB1, but not in the root?

Options:

- A- shared UNDO and default database temporary tablespace
- B- Oracle-supplied metadata
- C- shared Oracle-supplied data
- D- CDB views providing information across PDBs
- **E-** application tablespaces
- F- local temporary tablespaces
- G- local users and local roles
- H- non-shared local metadata

Answer:

E, F, G, H

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Identify two types of solutions in which you would need to use Active Data Guard and Golden Gate together.

Options:

A- a solution that provides zero-data-loss protection at any distance without impacting database performance

B- a solution for disaster protection and database rolling upgrades for a mission-critical OLTP database, where you also want to extract data from a data guard primary database for ETL update o' an enterprise data warehouse

C- a solution requiring minimal planned downtime and risk, using standby first patching, database rolling upgrades, and select platform migrations

D- a solution that helps with integrated automatic database and client failover between source and target, where you also need to establish advanced replication (such as multi master and bidirectional replication and data transformations)

Answer:

B, C

Explanation:

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/availability/active-data-guard-wp-12c-1896127.pdf (page 16, last two bulleted points)

https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/UPGRD/deprecated.htm#UPGRD60084

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