



**Free Questions for S90.08 by certsdeals**

**Shared by Edwards on 20-10-2022**

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## Question 1

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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One SOA type can inherit the features and limitations of another SOA type with a broader scope. For example, the environment and conventions established by the service-oriented enterprise architecture can be carried over into individual service inventory architectures.

**Options:**

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**A-** True

**B-** False

**Answer:**

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A

## Question 2

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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A typical service-oriented enterprise architecture specification can encompass:

**Options:**

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- A- only one service inventory
- B- multiple service inventories
- C- non-service-oriented technology architectures
- D- None of the above.

**Answer:**

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B

## Question 3

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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A service architecture is most comparable in scope to a traditional:

**Options:**

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- A- component architecture
- B- integration architecture
- C- application architecture
- D- None of the above.

**Answer:**

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A

## Question 4

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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The State Repository pattern is one of the core patterns that comprise the Enterprise Service Bus pattern because complex compositions often include long periods of inactivity while waiting for composed services to complete their processing, thereby providing an opportunity to defer state from memory to a state repository.

**Options:**

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A- True

**B-** False

**Answer:**

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B

## Question 5

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Legacy systems often rely upon a combination of proprietary data models, proprietary data formats, and proprietary transport protocols. For this reason the Legacy Wrapper pattern is often used together with which of the following patterns?

**Options:**

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**A-** Atomic Service Transaction

**B-** Service Messaging

**C-** Service Broker

**D-** Messaging Metadata

**Answer:**

---

C

## Question 6

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Which of the following statements is false?

**Options:**

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- A-** The Contract Centralization pattern positions the service contract as the official entry point into the service logic.
- B-** The Contract Centralization pattern can impose performance overhead and requires the use of design standards.
- C-** The application of the Contract Centralization pattern enables access to underlying service resources through the use of secondary or unofficial technical contracts.
- D-** The Decoupled Contract pattern supports the application of the Contract Centralization pattern.

**Answer:**

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C

## Question 7

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

The application of the Contract Centralization pattern requires that runtime access policies be implemented.

**Options:**

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**A-** True

**B-** False

**Answer:**

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B

## Question 8

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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The service model most associated with the Process Abstraction and Orchestration patterns in general is:

**Options:**

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- A- entity service
- B- utility service
- C- wrapper service
- D- None of the above.

**Answer:**

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D

## Question 9

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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Because the Process Abstraction pattern advocates the abstraction of \_\_\_\_\_ logic, its application helps filter out \_\_\_\_\_ logic in support of defining \_\_\_\_\_ services.

**Options:**

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- A- agnostic, atomic, agnostic



- B-** non-agnostic, business, agnostic
- C-** non-agnostic, agnostic, agnostic
- D-** agnostic, rules-related, non-agnostic

**Answer:**

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C

## Question 10

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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The Process Abstraction pattern can help solve which of the following problems?

**Options:**

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- A-** When business process logic is physically distributed across independent service implementations, it can be difficult to extend and evolve due to its decentralized nature.
- B-** The same business rules may exist within different business-centric services, leading to redundancy issues and governance problems due to the challenge of maintaining consistent rule logic within multiple services as rules changes over time.
- C-** Grouping non-agnostic business logic together with agnostic business logic hinders the governance of the non-agnostic logic and the

reuse of the agnostic logic.

**D-** Bundling both messaging and validation logic into the same service eventually results in the creation of redundant logic across multiple services, thereby causing performance challenges.

**Answer:**

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C

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