



Exin BLOCKCHAINF Practice Questions

Shared by Ayers on 13-10-2026

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Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is a block?

Options:

- A- A list or record of data
- B- A wallet that stores digital currency
- C- A pool of unconfirmed transactions
- D- A list or record of certificates
- E- All of the above

Answer:

A

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

How does Blockchain use hashing? Select all that apply.

Options:

- A- To condense information making it easy to compare large amounts of data.
- B- To chain together blocks
- C- To provide anonymity with public key cryptography
- D- To select which node to use
- E- It requires less mining power than a public Blockchain

Answer:

B, D

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Who can read records on a public Blockchain?

Options:

- A- Everyone on the Blockchain
- B- No one
- C- Only the creator
- D- The users with access permissions
- E- It requires less mining power that a public Blockchain

Answer:

A

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What happens if a block is confirmed at the same time?

Options:

- A- Both chains are deleted, and the unconfirmed transactions are added back to the pool
- B- Nodes select which block to be added to the Blockchain
- C- A private Blockchain is more efficient and has faster transaction times
- D- The blocks splits into two chains. Blocks are then added to each chain until one chain becomes larger. The longest chain is then considered to be the Blockchain.
- E- The Orderer Block confirms which block has the most confirmed transactions

Answer:

B

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which item(s) make up a block header?

Options:

- A- The hash of the Merkle root and the header of the previous block
- B- The hash of every transaction in a specific block and the next block
- C- The time stamp of the block and the genesis block hash
- D- The hash of the previous block

Answer:

D

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Blockchain has more built-in security than a standard database.

Options:

- A- True
- B- False

Answer:

A

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Transparency allows _____.

Options:

- A- a trustless system where users can be certain of a result
- B- easy iteration through the Blockchain
- C- Records on the Blockchain to never be changed
- D- users on the Blockchain to change data on the Blockchain

Answer:

A

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

How are blocks chained together?

Options:

- A- By sharing the same transaction details
- B- Information of the previous block is embedded into the current block through hashing
- C- Information of the current block is embedded into the genesis block
- D- With a physical chain

Answer:

B

Question 9

Question Type: MultipleChoice

How does a private Blockchain differ from a public one? Select all that apply.

Options:

- A- A private Blockchain does not use proof of work consensus
- B- A private Blockchain is more efficient and has faster transaction times
- C- A private Blockchain is not distributed
- D- A private Blockchain often requires the identity of users to be known

Answer:

D

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