



HPE6-A88 Practice Questions

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Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A network engineer is troubleshooting an issue where a factory default Aruba Network device is not redirecting DNS requests correctly. The device is supposed to intercept requests for 'securelogin.hpe.com' but is failing to do so. What is a likely cause of this issue?

Options:

- A- The device's IP address is not correctly configured in the ClearPass Guest settings.
- B- The common name in the HTTPS certificate does not match 'securelogin.hpe.com'.
- C- The Page Name for the web login page is missing from the URL.

Answer:

B

Explanation:

Aruba devices use a default internal URL (securelogin.hpe.com or securelogin.arubanetworks.com) to intercept guest traffic. For this redirection to work over HTTPS, the gateway must present a certificate that validly represents that name. If the Common Name (CN) in the gateway's certificate does not match the URL the device is trying to intercept, the HTTPS handshake will fail, and the redirection process will be interrupted or blocked by the browser.

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An IT administrator is tasked with creating a self-service portal for guest users to request and maintain their own user identities. Which type of web page should they create using ClearPass Guest's Web Content Manager?

Options:

- A- Web Logins
- B- Self-Registrations
- C- Web Pages

Answer:

B

Explanation:

ClearPass Guest distinguishes between simple login pages and complex registration workflows. A Self-Registration page is the correct choice for this requirement because it includes the logic for the guest to enter their information, select a sponsor, receive credentials, and manage their own account details (like password changes or extending their stay).

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Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An IT administrator is setting up a captive portal for a company's network and needs to ensure that the SSL certificate is compatible with the Aruba Instant device they are using. Which type of certificate should the administrator install to meet this requirement?

Options:

- A- CER certificate
- B- PEM certificate
- C- DER certificate

Answer:

B

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Explanation:

Network access devices, including Aruba Instant APs and controllers, generally require certificates in the PEM (Privacy Enhanced Mail) format. PEM certificates are Base64 encoded and are standard for Unix-based systems and networking hardware because they can easily include the entire trust chain (server, intermediate, and root certificates) in a single text file.

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is the most critical step the administrator should take to integrate ClearPass with Microsoft Active Directory for user management?

Options:

- A- Configure ClearPass to interact with Microsoft Active Directory and validate user credentials.
- B- Set up ClearPass to log all user activities for auditing purposes.
- C- Ensure that ClearPass can enforce network policies based on user roles.

Answer:

A

Explanation:

The foundational step for integration is establishing the Authentication Source. The administrator must configure the ClearPass server to join the AD domain or use LDAP/S to communicate with the Domain Controllers. This allows ClearPass to perform a 'bind' operation to validate passwords and retrieve the attributes necessary for the subsequent authorization and enforcement phases.

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A network engineer needs to ensure secure and reliable communication between network devices and the RADIUS server over an unsecured network. Which configuration should they implement?

Options:

- A- Implement RadSec because it encrypts all RADIUS communication and uses TCP for reliable packet delivery.
- B- Use UDP for faster message transport and rely on internal network security.
- C- Implement RADIUS with PSK because it is simpler to configure and only encrypts passwords.

Answer:

A

Explanation:

Traditional RADIUS (UDP 1812/1813) only encrypts the password attribute; the rest of the packet (including the username) is sent in cleartext. Furthermore, UDP is connectionless and can be unreliable over WAN links. RadSec solves both issues by wrapping RADIUS in TLS, providing full-packet encryption, and using TCP, which provides guaranteed delivery and better handling of MTU issues/fragmentation across unsecured public networks.

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Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An IT administrator notices that a client endpoint has failed a health check and wants to send a notification that will not only inform the user but also force the client to re-authenticate. Which action should the administrator take?

Options:

- A- Send a message to disable the network interface.
- B- Send a notification to disable the network interface.
- C- Send a notification with an action to restart the session.

Answer:

C

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Explanation:

In OnGuard, you can configure Post-Auth Actions. When a device fails compliance, simply telling the user is often not enough. By choosing an action to 'Restart the session,' ClearPass sends a RADIUS CoA (Change of Authorization) to the switch or controller, which bounces the user's connection. This forces the device to re-authenticate, at which point the new 'Unhealthy' status will trigger a restricted or quarantine policy.

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A web developer is tasked with creating a series of web pages with a unified look and feel using ClearPass Guest. The pages must mirror the company's internal website. Which type of skin should they use?

Options:

- A- Default Skins, as they provide an out-of-the-box look and feel.
- B- Fully Custom or Personalized Skins are fee-paid services that can be downloaded as plug-ins.
- C- Built-in Custom Skins allow for customization but do not change the overall look and feel.

Answer:

B

Explanation:

While ClearPass provides built-in skins that allow for basic logo and color changes, achieving a pixel-perfect mirror of an existing corporate website usually requires a Fully Custom Skin. These skins allow developers to upload custom CSS, HTML headers/footers, and JavaScript to match the exact 'look and feel' of the brand's main site. These are often provided as specialized plugins or professional service packages to ensure compatibility across different browser types.



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