



**Free Questions for H12-351\_V1.0 by vceexamstest**

**Shared by Tran on 15-04-2024**

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# Question 1

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Which of the following statements about fingerprint-based positioning technology are true? (Select All that Apply)

## Options:

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- A-** The positioning engine generates a virtual fingerprint library through calculations based on the AP deployment and environment information.
- B-** Terminals learn from each other to form a fingerprint library that can be shared.
- C-** APs collect surrounding environment information to form a fingerprint library.
- D-** The fingerprint map is obtained through onsite information collection.

## Answer:

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A, D

## Explanation:

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Fingerprint-based positioning technology is a method that uses the signal strength or phase difference of wireless signals to locate objects. There are two types of fingerprint-based positioning technology: virtual fingerprint-based positioning and real fingerprint-based

positioning. In virtual fingerprint-based positioning, the positioning engine generates a virtual fingerprint library through calculations based on the AP deployment and environment information. In real fingerprint-based positioning, the fingerprint map is obtained through onsite information collection.

## Question 2

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Satellite positioning can achieve high positioning accuracy in both indoor and outdoor scenarios.

**Options:**

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**A-** True

**B-** False

**Answer:**

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B

**Explanation:**

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Satellite positioning can achieve high positioning accuracy in outdoor scenarios, but not in indoor scenarios. This is because satellite signals are easily blocked or interfered by buildings, walls, ceilings, and other obstacles in indoor environments.

## Question 3

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**Question Type: DragDrop**

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Drag the Huawei's wireless positioning solutions on the left to their corresponding features and application scenarios on the right.

Runs based on the built-in Bluetooth module of an AP, which can be implemented on either the network side or terminal side.

Answer:

is based on the built-in Bluetooth module, which can be implemented on either the network side or terminal side.

## Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Provides high positioning accuracy, and is applicable to scenarios that require high accuracy, such as intelligent manufacturing, warehousing logistics, and mechanical manufacturing.

Which of the following components is not included in a typical RFID system?

Provides high positioning accuracy, and is applicable to scenarios that require high accuracy, such as intelligent manufacturing, warehousing logistics, and mechanical manufacturing.

Performs network-side positioning generally based on the RSSI, but provides low positioning accuracy. This method applies to scenarios such as precision marketing and customer flow analysis in shopping malls.

Options:

A- Information processing platform

B- RFID tag

C- Router

D- RFID reader

Runs based on the built-in Bluetooth module of an AP. The AP reports data to a positioning engine for location resolution. This positioning technology provides low positioning accuracy and applies to asset positioning and personnel positioning scenarios.

Performs network-side positioning generally based on the RSSI, but provides low positioning accuracy. This method applies to scenarios such as precision marketing and customer flow analysis in shopping malls.

Runs based on the built-in Bluetooth module of an AP. The AP reports data to a positioning engine for location resolution. This positioning technology provides low positioning accuracy and applies to asset positioning and personnel positioning scenarios.

Answer:

C

**Explanation:**

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A router is not included in a typical RFID system. A typical RFID system consists of three components: RFID tag, RFID reader, and information processing platform. The RFID tag is attached to the object to be identified, the RFID reader communicates with the tag and reads its information, and the information processing platform processes and stores the data collected by the reader.

**Question 5**

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**Question Type: DragDrop**

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Differentiated network planning needs to be performed to meet requirements of different IoT services in Huawei's CloudCampus IoT solutions. Drag the solutions on the left to their corresponding network planning suggestions on the right.

Shelves may be blocked in application scenarios. Therefore, shelf blocking must be considered during network planning. The shelves can be deployed in aisles to minimize obstacles toward integrated base stations.

Shelves may be blocked in application scenarios. Therefore, shelf blocking must be considered during network planning. The shelves can be deployed in aisles to minimize obstacles toward integrated base stations.

## Question 6

The RFID signal coverage distance is 25 m. Therefore, RFID signal coverage must be considered during AP deployment planning. Attach RFID tags on the surface or top of assets to prevent signals from being blocked.

The RFID signal coverage distance is 25 m. Therefore, RFID signal coverage must be considered during AP deployment planning. Attach RFID tags on the surface or top of assets to prevent signals from being blocked.

Question Type: DragDrop

Drag the short-range wireless IoT technologies on the left to their corresponding descriptions on the right.

For applications that support regional positioning, positioning devices need to be deployed at key entrances and exits based on service requirements.

For applications that support regional positioning, positioning devices need to be deployed at key entrances and exits based on service requirements.

IEEE 802.15.4-based wireless communication technology is a short-range, and low-power communication technology that supports star and hybrid networking.

Answer:

IEEE 802.15.4-based wireless communication technology is a short-range, and low-power communication technology that supports star and hybrid networking.

## Question 7

Question Type: Multiple Choice

Its basic principle is to automatically identify based on the transmission characteristics of signals and space coupling (inductance or electromagnetic coupling) or radar reflection.

Its basic principle is to automatically identify based on the transmission characteristics of signals and space coupling (inductance or electromagnetic coupling) or radar reflection.

With the emergence of IoT industries such as wearables, smart home, and Internet of Vehicles, short-range communication technologies are attracting more and more developers.

Which of the following encapsulation formats are used for EAP termination in 802.1X authentication? (Select All that apply)

With the emergence of IoT industries such as wearables, smart home, and Internet of Vehicles, short-range communication technologies are attracting more and more developers.

Options:

A- EAP-TLS

B- EAPoL is the most popular WLAN technology

C- EAPoR

D- EAP

Wireless networking technology based on IEEE 802.11 is the most popular

Answer:

B, C



### Explanation:

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According to the Huawei documents and resources, the encapsulation formats used for EAP termination in 802.1X authentication are as follows:

b)EAPoL: The client and access device exchange information using EAPoL packets across the LAN2.

c)EAPoR: The access device directly encapsulates the received EAP packets into RADIUS using EAP over RADIUS (EAPoR) packets2.

Therefore, B and C are the correct answers. Reference:2: <https://support.huawei.com/enterprise/en/doc/EDOC1100086527>

## Question 8

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### Question Type: MultipleChoice

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Which of the following statements about EAP relay and EAP termination are false? (Select All that apply)

### Options:

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**A-** In EAP termination mode, an access device encapsulates EAP packets sent by an 802. IX client Into RADIUS packets, without processing the data in the EAP packets.

**B-** In EAP relay mode, an access device extracts information from EAP packets, encapsulates the information into RADIUS packets, and sends the RADIUS packets to an authentication server.

**C-** In EAP termination mode, an access device extracts client authentication information from the EAP packets sent by a client and encapsulates the information using the standard RADIUS protocol. The access device supports only the EAP MD5-Challenge authentication method.

**D-** The EAP termination mode simplifies the processing on an access device and supports various authentication methods. However, this mode requires an authentication server to support EAP and have high processing capability.

### **Answer:**

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A, D

### **Explanation:**

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a) In EAP termination mode, an access device encapsulates EAP packets sent by an 802.1X client into RADIUS packets, without processing the data in the EAP packets. This statement is false because in EAP termination mode, an access device extracts information from EAP packets, encapsulates the information into RADIUS packets, and sends the RADIUS packets to an authentication server.

d) The EAP termination mode simplifies the processing on an access device and supports various authentication methods. However, this mode requires an authentication server to support EAP and have high processing capability. This statement is false because it describes the EAP relay mode, not the EAP termination mode.

Therefore, A and D are the correct answers. Reference: <https://support.huawei.com/enterprise/en/doc/EDOC1100086527>

## Question 9

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Huawei Agile Cloud Authentication (HACA) supports only IMaster NCE-Campus as the HACA server.

### Options:

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A- True

B- False

### Answer:

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B

### Explanation:

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According to the Huawei documents and resources, Huawei Agile Cloud Authentication (HACA) supports iMaster NCE-Campus as well as Agile Controller-Campus as the HACA server. HACA is an authentication method that allows users to access a network without entering user names or passwords<sup>3</sup>. Therefore, B is the correct answer. Reference:<sup>3</sup>:

<https://support.huawei.com/enterprise/en/doc/EDOC1100086527>

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