



Free Questions for H12-891_V1.0

Shared by Clark on 29-01-2024

For More Free Questions and Preparation Resources

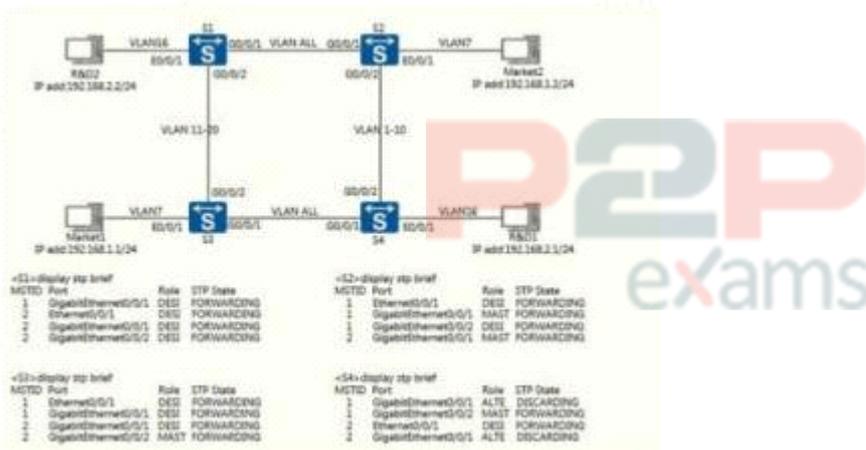
[Check the Links on Last Page](#)



Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A company's two-layer phase network architecture as shown in the figure, when the engineer is configured to find that the business between departments can not communicate, through the command to view the status of the equipment as follows, please determine the possible causes?



Options:

- A- The BPDU interval between switches is not configured
- B- The Transition VLAN mapping between the handover machines is not configured to be caused
- C- The Revision Level configuration is inconsistent between switches
- D- Inconsistent Registry Name configuration between text exchange machines

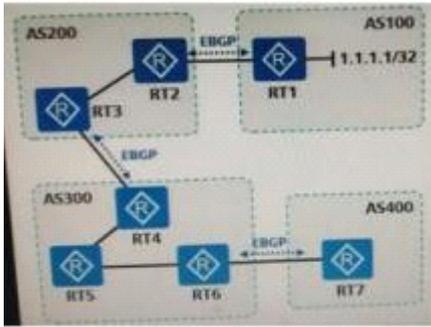
Answer:

B, C, D

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

As shown in the following topology, EBGP is running between AS100, AS200, AS300, AS400, and the neighbor relationship is established S400 When you receive a BGP route from AS100 for a 1.1.1.1/32 network segment, is the path order recorded in the ASPath properties correct?



Options:

- A- 10,200,3
- B- 400,300,200,100
- C- 100, 200,300, 400
- D- 300, 200,100

Answer:

D

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You try to trace a remote Internet address on your PC, but the traceroute stops after it reaches a router, and currently, the router should be in the incoming direction of the serial interface

With an ACL "rule5 permit tcp source any destination any", you need to add which of the following ACLs to the router for traceoute to work

Options:

- A- Rule 10 permit icmp source any destination any icmp-type ttl-exceeded rule 15 permit source any destination any icmp-type echo-reply
- B- Rule 10 permit icmp source any destination any icmp-type echo rule 15 permit icmp source any destination any icmp-type net-unreachable
- C- Rule 10 permit tcp source any destination any
- D- Rule 10 permit icmp source any destination any icmp-type ttl-exceeded rule permit icmp source any destination any icmp-type port-unreachable
- E. Rule 10 permit udp source any destination any rule 15 permit icmp source any destination any icmp-type protocol-unreachable

Answer:

D

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Each DD message has a sequence number for data confirmation, and a DD sequence number is 2 bytes long

Options:

A- True

B- False

Answer:

B

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

The following description of the Layer 6 functionality in the OSI reference model is correct?

Options:

A- Synchronous communication

B- Establishing, maintaining, and terminating communication sessions

C- Provides a common data compression and encryption scheme

D- Determines the availability of resources

Answer:

C

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

The following statement about the concept of multicast is wrong?

Options:

- A- Multicast Source: The sender of the message needs to join the multicast group to provide forwarding of multicast group messages
- B- Multicast router: A router or layer-three switch that supports layer-3 multicast functionality
- C- Multicast Group Members: Multicast group members can be widely distributed anywhere in the network
- D- Multicast Groups: A collection identified by ip multicast addresses

Answer:

A

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

The following description of VLANs in Ethernet is correct?

Options:

- A- VLANs do not support bulk creation on devices
- B- The range of VLANs is 0 to 4096
- C- The default reserved VLANs for Huawei devices are 4000~4010
- D- VLANs can be extended through QinQ technology.

Answer:

D

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

If you want to advertise 19072270/27 to an EBGP neighbor, is the following command correct?

Options:

- A- network 19072270 mask 255255255224
- B- network 1907227000031
- C- network 19072270255255255224
- D- network 19072270
- E- network 19072270255255255240

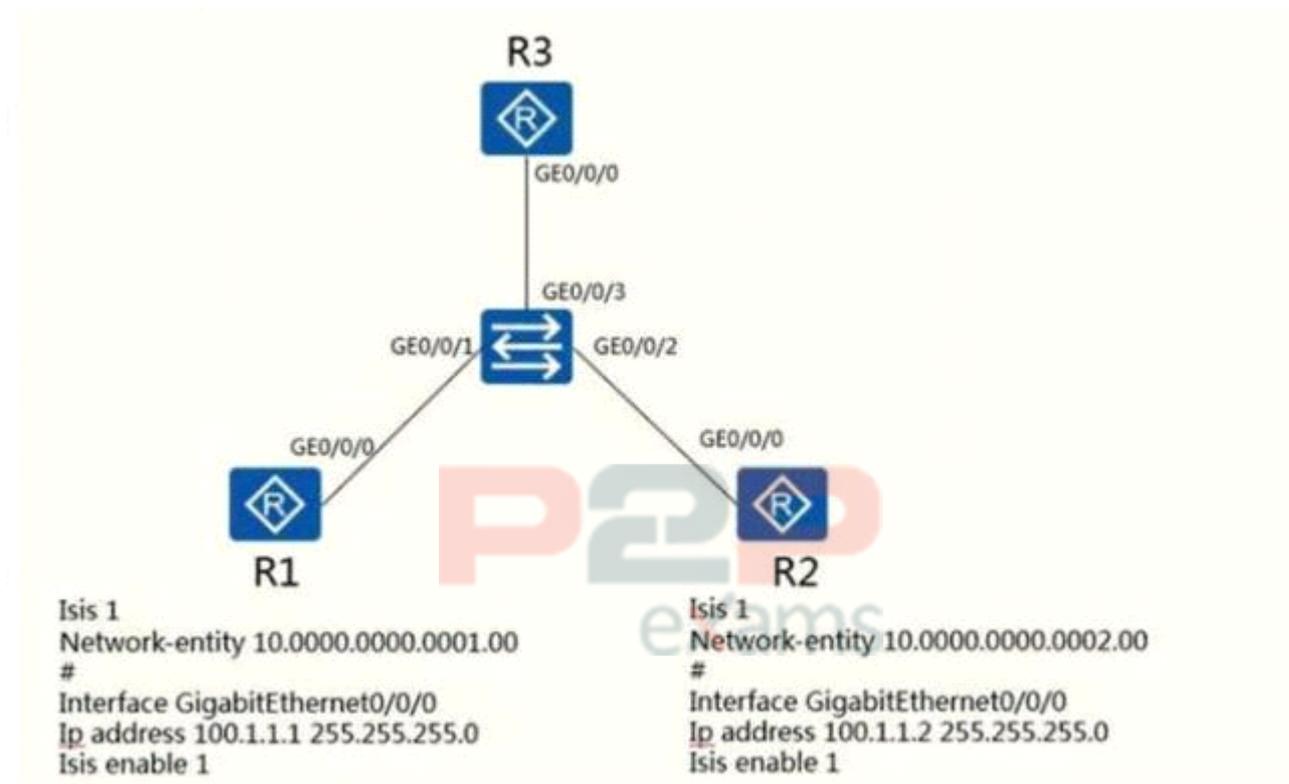
Answer:

C

Question 9

Question Type: MultipleChoice

As shown in the figure, the overload bit of ISIS is set in the configuration of router R3, and the following statement is correct



A R3's direct route will be ignored by R1 and R2 because of the setting of the overload bit .

Options:

- B- When the router runs out of memory, the system automatically sets the overload flag bit in the

sent LSP packets. Irrelevant to whether the user has a set-overload command configured.

Routes introduced by

- C- R3 through import-route will not be published. The LSP of
- D- R3 will not be able to spread to R1 and R2
- E- R3 initiates the load state, and R1 and R2 will not calculate the LSP of R3 in the SP tree.

Answer:

B, C

Question 10

Question Type: MultipleChoice

result :(moloteric question).

```
[Huawei]display mpls lsp
LSP Information: LDP LSP
FEC          In/Out Label  In/Out IF    Vrf Name
1.1.1.1/32   NULL/1024    -/GEO/0/2
1.1.1.1/32   1027/1024    -/GEO/0/2
2.2.2.2/32   NULL/3       -/GEO/0/2
2.2.2.2/32   1028/3       -/GEO/0/2
3.3.3.3/32   NULL/3       -/GEO/0/0
3.3.3.3/32   1026/3       -/GEO/0/0
4.4.4.4/32   3/NULL      -/-
```

Options:

- A- When sending a packet with a destination address of 4444, it is sent without labeling.
- B- When the router receives a packet with the label 1024, it replaces the label with 1027 and sends it.
- C- When a packet with a destination address of 2222 is sent , it is sent without labeling.
- D- When sending a packet with a destination address of 3333, label 1026 and send it.

Answer:

C

To Get Premium Files for H12-891_V1.0 Visit

https://www.p2pexams.com/products/h12-891_v1.0

For More Free Questions Visit

<https://www.p2pexams.com/huawei/pdf/h12-891-v1.0>

20%
DISCOUNT

P2P
exams