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# Question 1

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Tokenization requires two distinct \_\_\_\_\_ .

## Options:

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- A- Personnel
- B- Authentication factors
- C- Encryption keys
- D- Databases

## Answer:

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D

## Explanation:

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In order to implement tokenization, there will need to be two databases: the database containing the raw, original data, and the token database containing tokens that map to original data. Having two-factor authentication is nice, but certainly not required. Encryption keys are not necessary for tokenization. Two-person integrity does not have anything to do with tokenization.

## Question 2

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Cryptographic keys for encrypted data stored in the cloud should be \_\_\_\_\_ .

### Options:

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- A- Not stored with the cloud provider.
- B- Generated with redundancy
- C- At least 128 bits long
- D- Split into groups

### Answer:

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A

### Explanation:

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Cryptographic keys should not be stored along with the data they secure, regardless of key length. We don't split crypto keys or generate redundant keys (doing so would violate the principle of secrecy necessary for keys to serve their purpose).

## Question 3

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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Data masking can be used to provide all of the following functionality, except:

### Options:

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- A- Test data in sandboxed environments
- B- Authentication of privileged users
- C- Enforcing least privilege
- D- Secure remote access

### Answer:

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B

### **Explanation:**

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Data masking does not support authentication in any way. All the others are excellent use cases for data masking.

## **Question 4**

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### **Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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The goals of SIEM solution implementation include all of the following, except:

### **Options:**

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- A-** Dashboarding
- B-** Performance enhancement
- C-** Trend analysis
- D-** Centralization of log streams

### **Answer:**

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B

**Explanation:**

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SIEM does not intend to provide any enhancement of performance; in fact, a SIEM solution may decrease performance because of additional overhead. All the rest are goals of SIEM implementations.

**Question 5**

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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DLP can be combined with what other security technology to enhance data controls?

**Options:**

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- A- SIEM
- B- Hypervisors
- C- DRM
- D- Kerberos

**Answer:**

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C

**Explanation:**

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DLP can be combined with DRM to protect intellectual property; both are designed to deal with data that falls into special categories. SIEMs are used for monitoring event logs, not live data movement. Kerberos is an authentication mechanism. Hypervisors are used for virtualization.

## Question 6

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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DLP solutions can aid in deterring loss due to which of the following?

**Options:**

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**A-** Device failure

- B- Randomization
- C- Inadvertent disclosure
- D- Natural disaster

**Answer:**

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C

**Explanation:**

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DLP solutions may protect against inadvertent disclosure. Randomization is a technique for obscuring data, not a risk to data. DLP tools will not protect against risks from natural disasters, or against impacts due to device failure.

## Question 7

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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When crafting plans and policies for data archiving, we should consider all of the following, except:



**Options:**

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- A- The backup process
- B- Immediacy of the technology
- C- Archive location
- D- The format of the data

**Answer:**

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D

## Question 8

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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What are the U.S. State Department controls on technology exports known as?

**Options:**

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- A- DRM

**B-** ITAR

**C-** EAR

**D-** EAL

**Answer:**

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B

**Explanation:**

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ITAR is a Department of State program. Evaluation assurance levels are part of the Common Criteria standard from ISO. Digital rights management tools are used for protecting electronic processing of intellectual property.

## Question 9

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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All the following are data analytics modes, except:

### Options:

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- A- Datamining
- B- Agile business intelligence
- C- Refractory iterations
- D- Real-time analytics

### Answer:

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C

### Explanation:

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All the others are data analytics methods, but "refractory iterations" is a nonsense term thrown in as a red herring.

## Question 10

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### Question Type: MultipleChoice

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All of the following are terms used to described the practice of obscuring original raw data so that only a portion is displayed for operational purposes, except:

### Options:

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- A- Tokenization
- B- Masking
- C- Data discovery
- D- Obfuscation

### Answer:

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C

### Explanation:

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Data discovery is a term used to describe the process of identifying information according to specific traits or categories. The rest are all methods for obscuring data.

## Question 11

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Question Type: MultipleChoice

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What is the intellectual property protection for the tangible expression of a creative idea?

**Options:**

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A- Trade secret

B- Copyright

C- Trademark

D- Patent

**Answer:**

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B

**Explanation:**

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Copyrights are protected tangible expressions of creative works. The other answers listed are answers to subsequent questions.

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