

# Free Questions for JN0-213 by certsdeals

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# **Question 1**

Question	Type:	Multip	leChoice
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You are provisioning workloads on worker nodes in a Kubernetes cluster.

Which CN2 component is responsible for generating associated routes?

### **Options:**

- A- Contrail kube-manager
- B- vRouter agent microservice
- C- vRouter forwarding plane
- D- Configuration Resource (CR) controllers

#### **Answer:**

В

### **Explanation:**

The vRouter agent microservice is the CN2 component responsible for generating associated routes. When a pod is scheduled on a node, the vRouter agent on that node programs the necessary routes in the kernel routing table to ensure that traffic destined for that pod is properly routed.

# **Question 2**

### **Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What is the function that enables CN2 to manage its resources and interact with the kube-api?

### **Options:**

- A- the configuration plane
- B- the data plane
- C- the control plane
- D- the management plane

#### **Answer:**

Α

### **Explanation:**

The configuration plane is the function that enables CN2 to manage its resources and interact with the kube-api. The configuration plane is responsible for storing and managing all configuration data in a Contrail cluster. It provides APIs for other components to retrieve this data. This allows CN2 to manage its resources and interact with the kube-api.

### **Question 3**

### **Question Type:** MultipleChoice

You are deploying CN2 using Kubernetes as your orchestrator.

In this scenario, which component contains the vRouter agent?

### **Options:**

A- kube-manager

**B-** worker node

- C- Contrail controller
- D- Ikube-scheduler

#### **Answer:**

В

### **Explanation:**

In a CN2 deployment using Kubernetes as the orchestrator, the vRouter agent is contained in the worker node. The vRouter agent is responsible for managing the forwarding plane on each node in a Contrail cluster. It interacts with the kernel to manage the services and interfaces within the virtual networks.

### **Question 4**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

What is the networking service of OpenStack?

Options:		
A- Barbican		<u> </u>
B- ironic		
C- Neutron		
D- Heat		
Answer:		
C		

### **Explanation:**

OpenStack's networking service is known as Neutron. Neutron provides a scalable, API-driven, web services-based model for network connectivity as a service. It is designed to manage and configure networking services for both simple and complex network topologies. Neutron allows users to create their own networks, control traffic and connect servers and devices to one or multiple networks.

# **Question 5**

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

Which two statements are correct about OpenStack networks? (Choose two.)

### **Options:**

- A- It is not possible to add host routes in the DHCP settings in an OpenStack network.
- B- It is possible to share networks with other projects in an OpenStack network.
- **C-** It is possible to enable DHCP for a subnet in an OpenStack network.
- D- It is not possible to specify a subnet address in an OpenStack network.

#### **Answer:**

B, C

### **Explanation:**

In OpenStack networks, it is possible to share networks with other projects7.Also, it is possible to enable DHCP for a subnet in an OpenStack network7. Reference from Juniper site:OpenStack Documentation

## **Question 6**

Question <b>T</b>	Type:	Multi	pleChoice
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Your business has optimized its applications to leverage a cloud-native microservices-based architecture.

In this architecture, how do the various modules of an application communicate?

### **Options:**

- A- Application modules communicate through application programming interface (API) calls.
- B- Application modules communicate through interprocess communication
- C- Application modules communicate through remote direct memory access
- D- Application modules communicate through shared data structures (DB/files).

#### **Answer:**

Α

### **Explanation:**

In a cloud-native microservices-based architecture, the various modules of an application communicate throughapplication programming interface (API) calls5. Each service is autonomous and self-contained and runs a unique process6. Reference from Juniper site: Microsoft Learn, Palo Alto Networks

# **Question 7**

### **Question Type:** MultipleChoice

Which two statements are correct about OpenShift monitoring? (Choose two.)

### **Options:**

- A- OpenShifis not able to configure customized alerts.
- B- OpenShifhas its own monitoring framework.
- C- OpenShifmonitoring is not compatible with Grafana.
- D- OpenShifis able to configure customized alerts.

### **Answer:**

B, D

### **Explanation:**

OpenShift includes a preconfigured, preinstalled, and self-updating monitoring stack that provides monitoring for core platform components4. You also have the option to enable monitoring for user-defined projects4. This means OpenShift has its own monitoring framework (B) and is able to configure customized alerts (D). Reference from Juniper site:OpenShift Container Platform

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