# Free Questions for 1Z0-066 by certscare

## Shared by Ellis on 07-06-2022

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# Question 1

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

DGMGRL> show configuration;

Configuration -- Animals

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Databases:

dogs - Primary database

sheep - (*) Physical standby database

cats - Physical standby database

Fast-Start Failover: ENABLED

Configuration Status:

SUCCESS

What happens if you issue "switchover" to sheep;" at the DGMGRL prompt?

## Options:

**A)** The switchover succeeds but Dogs need to be reinstated.

**B)** The switchover succeeds but Fast-Start Failover is suspended.

**C)** The switchover succeeds and Cats become the new failover target.

**D)** The switchover succeeds and Dogs become the new failover target.

**E)** It results in an error indicating that a switchover is not allowed.

## Answer:

D

# Question 2

**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

DGMGRL> show configuration;

Configuration --Animals

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Databases:

dogs- Primary database

cats- Snapshot standby database

sheep- Snapshot standby database

Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED

Configuration Status:

ORA-01034: ORACLE not available

ORA-16625: cannot reach database "dogs"

DGM-17017: unable to determine configuration status

You wish to perform a failover to Sheep.

Which command, or sequence of commands, should you issue to the broker before executing "failover to sheep", using the broker?

## Options:

**A)** DGMGRL> convert database cats to physical standby;

**B)** DGMGRL> convert database sheep to physical standby;

**C)** DGMGRL> convert database sheep to physical standby;DGMGRL> convert database cats to physical standby;

**D)** DGMGRL>edit configuration set protection mode as maxperformance;DGMGRL> convert database sheep to physical standby;

**E)** None, because you can directly failover to a Snapshot Standby Database.

## Answer:

E

# Question 3

Question Type: **MultipleChoice**

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

DGMGRL> show configuration;

Configuration --Animals

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Databases:

dogs- Primary database

cats- Snapshot standby database

sheep- Snapshot standby database

Fast-Start Failover: DISABLED

Configuration Status:

ORA-01034: ORACLE not available

ORA-16625: cannot reach database "dogs"

DGM-17017: unable to determine configuration status

You wish to perform a failover to Sheep.

Which command, or sequence of commands, should you issue to the broker before executing "failover to sheep", using the broker?

## Options:

**A)** DGMGRL> convert database cats to physical standby;

**B)** DGMGRL> convert database sheep to physical standby;

**C)** DGMGRL> convert database sheep to physical standby;DGMGRL> convert database cats to physical standby;

**D)** DGMGRL>edit configuration set protection mode as maxperformance;DGMGRL> convert database sheep to physical standby;

**E)** None, because you can directly failover to a Snapshot Standby Database.

## Answer:

E

# Question 4

Examine the Data Guard configuration:

DGMGRL> show configuration;

Configuration -- Animals

Protection Mode: MaxAvailability

Databases:

dogs - Primary database

sheep - (*) Physical standby database

cats - Physical standby database

Fast-Start Failover: ENABLED

Configuration Status:

SUCCESS

What happens if you issue "switchover" to sheep;" at the DGMGRL prompt?

**A)** The switchover succeeds but Dogs need to be reinstated.

**B)** The switchover succeeds but Fast-Start Failover is suspended.

**C)** The switchover succeeds and Cats become the new failover target.

**D)** The switchover succeeds and Dogs become the new failover target.

**E)** It results in an error indicating that a switchover is not allowed.

**Answer:**

D