



**Free Questions for 1Z0-082 by dumpshq**

**Shared by Shannon on 07-06-2022**

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# Question 1

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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You execute this command:

```
CREATE SMALLFILE TABLESPACE sales
```

```
DATAFILE '/u01/app/oracle/sales01.dbf
```

```
SIZE 5G
```

```
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT AUTO;
```

Which two actions must you take to ensure UNDOTBS01 is used as the default UNDO tablespace? (Choose two.)

## Options:

---

- A) It must be smaller than the smallest BIGFILE tablespace
- B) Free space is managed using freelists
- C) Any data files added to the tablespace must have a size of 5 gigabytes
- D) It uses the database default blocksize
- E) It is a locally managed tablespace

**Answer:**

---

D, E

## Question 2

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

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The ORCL database has RESUMABLE\_\_TIMEOUT = 7200 and DEFERRED\_SEGMENT\_CREATION = FALSE

User U1 has a 1 MB quota in tablespace DATA.

U1 executes this command:

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE t1 AS
```

```
(SELECT object_name, sharing, created
```

```
FROM dba_objects);
```

U1 complains that the command is taking too long to execute.

In the alert log, the database administrator (DBA) finds this:

```
2017-03-06T12:15:17.183438+05:30
```

statement in resumable session 'User U1(136), Session 1, Instance 1' was suspended due to ORA-01536: space quota exceeded for tablespace 'DATA'

Which are three actions any one of which the DBA could take to resume the session? (Choose three.)

**Options:**

---

- A) Add a data file to DATA
- B) Drop other U1 objects in DATA
- C) Increase U1's quota sufficiently in DATA
- D) Set DEFERRED\_SEGMENT\_CREATION to TRUE
- E) Grant UNLIMITED TABLESPACE to U1
- F) Set AUTOEXTEND ON for data files in DATA

**Answer:**

---

C, D, F

## Question 3

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

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The EMPLOYEES table contains columns EMP\_ID of data type NUMBER and HIRE\_DATE of data type DATE.

You want to display the date of the first Monday after the completion of six months since hiring.

The NLS\_TERRITORY parameter is set to AMERICA in the session and, therefore, Sunday is the first day on the week.

Which query can be used?

**Options:**

---

- A) SELECT emp\_id, ADD\_MONTHS(hire\_date, 6), NEXT\_DAY('MONDAY') FROM employees;
- B) SELECT emp\_id, NEXT\_DAY(ADD\_MONTHS(hire\_date, 6), 'MONDAY') FROM employees;
- C) SELECT emp\_id, NEXT\_DAY(MONTHS\_BETWEEN(hire\_date, SYSDATE), 6) FROM employees;
- D) SELECT emp\_id, NEXT\_DAY(ADD\_MONTHS(hire\_date, 6), 1) FROM employees;

**Answer:**

---

B

## Question 4

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**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

You want to use table compression suitable for OLTP that will:

- \* Compress rows for all DML statements on that table
- \* Minimize the overheads associated with compression

Which compression option is best suited for this?

**Options:**

---

- A) COLUMN STORE COMPRESS FOR QUERY LOW
- B) ROW STORE COMPRESS BASIC
- C) COLUMN STORE COMPRESS FOR ARCHIVE LOW
- D) COLUMN STORE COMPRESS FOR ARCHIVE HIGH
- E) ROW STORE COMPRESS ADVANCED

**Answer:**

---

E

## Question 5

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**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

---

Which three statements are true about a self-join? (Choose three.)

**Options:**

---

- A) The ON clause must be used
- B) The query must use two different aliases for the table
- C) It must be an equi join
- D) It must be an inner join
- E) The ON clause can be used
- F) It can be an outer join

**Answer:**

---

B, D, E

## Question 6

---

**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

---

You execute this command:

```
CREATE SMALLFILE TABLESPACE sales
```

```
DATAFILE '/u01/app/oracle/sales01.dbf
```

```
SIZE 5G
```

```
SEGMENT SPACE MANAGEMENT AUTO;
```

Which two actions must you take to ensure UNDOTBS01 is used as the default UNDO tablespace? (Choose two.)

**Options:**

---

- A) It must be smaller than the smallest BIGFILE tablespace
- B) Free space is managed using freelists
- C) Any data files added to the tablespace must have a size of 5 gigabytes
- D) It uses the database default blocksize
- E) It is a locally managed tablespace

**Answer:**

---

D, E



## Question 7

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### Question Type: MultipleChoice

---

The ORCL database has RESUMABLE\_\_TIMEOUT = 7200 and DEFERRED\_SEGMENT\_CREATION = FALSE

User U1 has a 1 MB quota in tablespace DATA.

U1 executes this command:

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE t1 AS
```

```
(SELECT object_name, sharing, created
```

```
FROM dba_objects);
```

U1 complains that the command is taking too long to execute.

In the alert log, the database administrator (DBA) finds this:

```
2017-03-06T12:15:17.183438+05:30
```

```
statement in resumable session 'User U1(136), Session 1, Instance 1' was suspended due to ORA-01536: space quota exceeded for tablespace 'DATA'
```

Which are three actions any one of which the DBA could take to resume the session? (Choose three.)

### Options:

---

- A) Add a data file to DATA
- B) Drop other U1 objects in DATA
- C) Increase U1's quota sufficiently in DATA
- D) Set DEFERRED\_SEGMENT\_CREATION to TRUE
- E) Grant UNLIMITED TABLESPACE to U1
- F) Set AUTOEXTEND ON for data files in DATA

### Answer:

---

C, D, F

## Question 8

---

### Question Type: MultipleChoice

---

You want to use table compression suitable for OLTP that will:

- \* Compress rows for all DML statements on that table
- \* Minimize the overheads associated with compression

Which compression option is best suited for this?

**Options:**

---

- A) COLUMN STORE COMPRESS FOR QUERY LOW
- B) ROW STORE COMPRESS BASIC
- C) COLUMN STORE COMPRESS FOR ARCHIVE LOW
- D) COLUMN STORE COMPRESS FOR ARCHIVE HIGH
- E) ROW STORE COMPRESS ADVANCED

**Answer:**

---

E

## Question 9

---

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

Which three statements are true about a self-join? (Choose three.)

### Options:

---

- A) The ON clause must be used
- B) The query must use two different aliases for the table
- C) It must be an equi join
- D) It must be an inner join
- E) The ON clause can be used
- F) It can be an outer join

### Answer:

---

B, D, E

## Question 10

---

### Question Type: MultipleChoice

---

The EMPLOYEES table contains columns EMP\_ID of data type NUMBER and HIRE\_DATE of data type DATE.

You want to display the date of the first Monday after the completion of six months since hiring.

The NLS\_TERRITORY parameter is set to AMERICA in the session and, therefore, Sunday is the first day on the week.

Which query can be used?

**Options:**

---

- A) SELECT emp\_id, ADD\_MONTHS(hire\_date, 6), NEXT\_DAY('MONDAY') FROM employees;
- B) SELECT emp\_id, NEXT\_DAY(ADD\_MONTHS(hire\_date, 6), 'MONDAY') FROM employees;
- C) SELECT emp\_id, NEXT\_DAY(MONTHS\_BETWEEN(hire\_date, SYSDATE), 6) FROM employees;
- D) SELECT emp\_id, NEXT\_DAY(ADD\_MONTHS(hire\_date, 6), 1) FROM employees;

**Answer:**

---

B

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