



**Free Questions for 1Z0-149 by go4braindumps**

**Shared by Pitts on 09-03-2023**

**For More Free Questions and Preparation Resources**

**Check the Links on Last Page**

# Question 1

---

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

Which two are true about using the ACCESSIBLE BY clause? (Choose two.)

## Options:

---

- A- It can be used in the declaration of object types.
- B- It must be specified in the heading of a package specification.
- C- The check is enforced by this clause for direct access and access through dynamic SQL.
- D- It can be used for individual procedures and functions declared in a package specification.
- E- It must be specified in the heading of a package body.

## Answer:

---

A, D

## Explanation:

---

<https://docs.oracle.com/database/122/LNPLS/ACCESSIBLE-BY-clause.htm>

## Question 2

---

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

Which two are valid MODIFIER values for the PLSQL\_WARNINGS parameter? (Choose two.)

### Options:

---

- A- DISABLE
- B- ENABLE
- C- ERROR
- D- ALL
- E- SEVERE

### Answer:

---

D, E

## Question 3

---

**Question Type: MultipleChoice**

---

Examine these statements which execute successfully:

```
CREATE TABLE t (a INT, b INT, c INT INVISIBLE);  
INSERT INTO t (a, b, c) VALUES (1, 2, 3);  
COMMIT;
```

Which anonymous block executes successfully?

A.

```
DECLARE  
  t_rec t%ROWTYPE;  
BEGIN  
  t_rec.c := t_rec.a;  
  SELECT * INTO t_rec FROM t WHERE ROWNUM < 2;  
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('c = ' || t_rec.c);  
END;
```

B.

```
DECLARE
  t_rec t%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
  t_rec.a := t_rec.b;
  SELECT * INTO t_rec FROM t WHERE ROWNUM < 2;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('a = ' || t_rec.a);
END;
```

C.

```
DECLARE
  t_rec t%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
  t_rec.b := t_rec.c;
  SELECT * INTO t_rec FROM t WHERE ROWNUM < 2;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('b = ' || t_rec.b);
END;
```

D.

```
DECLARE
  t_rec t%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
  t_rec.c := NULL;
  SELECT * INTO t_rec FROM t WHERE ROWNUM < 2;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('c = ' || t_rec.c);
END;
```

**Options:**

---

- A- Option A
- B- Option B
- C- Option C
- D- Option D

**Answer:**

---

B

## Question 4

---

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

Examine these statements and output:

```
CONNECT ora1/ora1@pdb1

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE proc1( v1 OUT NUMBER) is
BEGIN
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v1*10);
END;
/
```

The procedure is created successfully.



```
GRANT EXECUTE ON proc1 TO ora2;  
grant succeeded.
```

User ora2 has password ora2 in pdb1.

Which script will execute successfully?

A.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1  
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON  
/  
BEGIN  
    EXEC ora1.proc1;  
END;
```

B.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
DECLARE
x NUMBER:=5;
BEGIN
    ora1.proc1(x);
END;
```

C.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
DECLARE
x NUMBER:=5;
BEGIN
  x:=proc1;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(x)
END;
```

D.

```
CONNECT ora2/ora2@pdb1
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON
/
BEGIN
    EXEC proc1;
END;
```

**Options:**

---

- A- Option A
- B- Option B
- C- Option C
- D- Option D

**Answer:**

---

B

## Question 5

---

**Question Type:** MultipleChoice

---

SERVEROUTPUT is enabled.

Which code block will display the values from 1 to 10 in descending order?

A.

```
BEGIN  
FOR i IN REVERSE 10..1 LOOP  
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(i);  
END LOOP;  
END;
```

B.

```
DECLARE
i NUMBER;
BEGIN
i:=10;
FOR i IN 1..10 LOOP
i:=i-1;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(i);
END LOOP;
END;
/
```

C.

```
BEGIN
FOR i IN 10..1 LOOP
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(i);
END LOOP;
END;
/
```

D.

```
BEGIN
FOR i IN REVERSE 1..10 LOOP
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(i);
END LOOP;
END;
```

**Options:**

---

A- Option A

B- Option B

C- Option C

D- Option D

**Answer:**

---

D



**To Get Premium Files for 1Z0-149 Visit**

**<https://www.p2pexams.com/products/1z0-149>**

**For More Free Questions Visit**

**<https://www.p2pexams.com/oracle/pdf/1z0-149>**

