Oracle 1Z0-808 Mock Exam

Shared by Holman on 17-06-2026

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Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given this array:

```
int[] intArr = {8, 16, 32, 64, 128};
```

Which two code fragments, independently, print each element in this array? (Choose two.)

A

```
for (int i : intArr) {
    System.out.print(intArr[i] +" ");
}
```

B

```
for (int i : intArr) {
    System.out.print(i +" ");
}
```

C

```
for (int i=0 : intArr) {
    System.out.print(intArr[i] +" ");
    i++;
}
```

D

```
for (int i=0; i < intArr.length; i++) {
    System.out.print(i +" ");
}
```

E

```
for (int i=0; i < intArr.length; i++) {
    System.out.print(intArr[i] +" ");
}
```

F

```
for (int i; i < intArr.length; i++) {
    System.out.print(intArr[i] +" ");
}
```

Options:

A- Option A

B- Option B

C- Option C
D- Option D
E- Option E
F- Option F

Answer:

B, E

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given the code fragment:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
     Short s1 = 200;
     Integer s2 = 400;
     String s3 = (String) (s1 + s2);     //line n1
     Long s4 = (long) s1 + s2;           //line n2
     System.out.println("Sum is " + s4);
}
```

What is the result?

Options:

A- Sum is 600
B- Compilation fails at line n1.
C- Compilation fails at line n2.
D- A ClassCastException is thrown at line n1.
E- A ClassCastException is thrown at line n2.

Answer:

E

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given:

```
class Alpha {
    int ns;
    static int s;
    Alpha(int ns) {
        if (s < ns) {
            s = ns;
            this.ns = ns;
        }
    }
    void doPrint() {
        System.out.println("ns = " + ns + " s = " + s);
    }
}
```

And,

```
public class TestA {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Alpha ref1 = new Alpha(50);
        Alpha ref2 = new Alpha(125);
        Alpha ref3 = new Alpha(100);
        ref1.doPrint();
        ref2.doPrint();
        ref3.doPrint();
    }
}
```

What is the result?

- A)
```
ns = 50 s = 125
ns = 125 s = 125
ns = 100 s = 125
```
- B)
```
ns = 50 s = 125
ns = 125 s = 125
ns = 0 s = 125
```
- C)
```
ns = 50 s = 50
ns = 125 s = 125
ns = 100 s = 100
```
- D)
```
ns = 50 s =  50
ns = 125 s = 125
ns = 0 s = 125
```

Options:

A- Option A
B- Option B
C- Option C
D- Option D

Answer:

B

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given this class:

```
public class CheckingAccount {
    public int amount;
    public CheckingAccount(int amount){
        this.amount = amount;
    }
    public int getAmount(){ return amount; }
    public void setAmount(int amount){ this.amount = amount; }
    public void changeAmount(int x){
        amount += x;
    }
}
```

And given this main method, located in another class:

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    CheckingAccount acct = new CheckingAccount((int)(Math.random()*1000));
    //line n1
    System.out.println(acct.getAmount());
}
```

Which three lines, when inserted independently at line n1, cause the program to print a 0 balance?

Options:

A- acct.setAmount(-acct.getAmount());
B- acct.amount = 0; <option D earlier>
C- acct.setAmount(0);
D- acct.getAmount() = 0; <option E earlier>
E- this.amount = 0; <option A earlier>

F- acct.changeAmount(0); <option F earlier>
G- acct.changeAmount(-acct.amount); <option G earlier>

Answer:

B, D, F

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given the code fragment:

```
int x = 100;
int a = x++;
int b = ++x;
int c = x++;
int d = (a < b) ? (a < c) ? a: (b <c )? b: c: x;
System.out.println(d);
```

What is the result?

Options:

A- 100
B- 101
C- 102
D- 103
E- Compilation fails

Answer:

E

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Examine:

```
class E1 extends Exception { }

class E2 extends RuntimeException { }

public class App {
     public void m1() {
          System.out.println("m1.Accessed.");
          throw new E1();
     }

     public void m2 () {
          System.out.println("m2.Accessed.");
          throw new E2();
     }
     public static void main (String[] args) {
          int level =1;
          App obj = new App();
          if (level <=5 && level >= 3) {
               obj.m1();
          } else {
               obj.m2();
          }
     }
}
```

Which statement is true?

Options:

A- The program prints m1.Accessed.

B- The program fails compile due to the unhandled E1 exception.

C- The program prints m2.Accessed.

D- The program fails to compile due to the unhandled E2 exception.

```
4  public class App  {
5    public void m1() {
6      System.out.println("m1.Accessed.");
7      throw new E1();
8    }
9
10   public void m2 () {
11     System.out.println("m2.Accessed.");
12     throw new E2 ();
13   }
14
15   public static void main (String[] args) {
16     int level =1;
17     App obj = new App();
18     if (level <=5 && level >= 3) {
19       obj.m1();
20
21     } else {
22       obj.m2();
23     }
24   }
25 }
26
```


Answer:

B

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given the code fragment:

```
13. List colors = new ArrayList();
14. colors.add("green");
15. colors.add ("blue");
16. colors.add ("red");
17. colors.add("yellow");
18. colors.remove(2);
19. colors.add(3, "cyan");
20. System.out.print(colors);
```


What is the result?

Options:

A- [green, red, yellow, cyan]
B- [green, blue, yellow, cyan]
C- [green, red, cyan, yellow]
D- An IndexOutOfBoundsException is thrown at runtime.

Answer:

D

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which three statements describe the object-oriented features of the Java language? (Select three.)

Options:

A- Objects cannot be reused.
B- A subclass must override the methods from a superclass.
C- Objects can share behaviors with other objects.
D- A package must contain a main class.
E- Object is the root class of all other objects.
F- A main method must be declared in every class.

Answer:

B, C, F

Question 9

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which two statements are true about Java byte code? (Select two.)

Options:

A- It can be serialized across network.
B- It can run on any platform that has a Java compiler.
C- It can run on any platform.

D- It has ''.java'' extension.

E- It can run on any platform that has the Java Runtime Environment.

Answer:

A, E

Question 10

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given:

```
public class Test {
    int x, y;

    public Test(int x, int y) {
        initialize(x, y);
    }

    public void initialize(int x, int y) {
        this.x = x * x;
        this.y = y * y;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int x = 9, y = 5;
        Test obj = new Test(x, y);
        System.out.println(x + " " + y);
    }
}
```

What is the result?

Options:

A- 9 5

B- 81 25

C- Compilation fails.

D- 0 0

Answer:

A

Question 11

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given the code fragment:

```
int[] array = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
```

And given the requirements:

1. Process all the elements of the array in the reverse order of entry.

2. Process all the elements of the array in the order of entry.

3. Process alternating elements of the array in the order of entry.

Which two statements are true? (Choose two.)

Options:

A- Requirements 1, 2, and 3 can be implemented by using the enhanced for loop.
B- Requirements 1, 2, and 3 can be implemented by using the standard for loop.
C- Requirements 2 and 3 CANNOT be implemented by using the standard for loop.
D- Requirement 2 can be implemented by using the enhanced for loop.
E- Requirement 3 CANNOT be implemented by using either the enhanced for loop or the standard for loop.

Answer:

B, C

Question 12

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Given:

```
class Product {
      int id;
      String name;
      Product (int id, String name) {
            this.id = id;
            this.name = name;
      }
}
public class Shop {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
            List<Product> 1st = new ArrayList<>();
            1st.add(new Product(10, "IceCream"));
            1st.add(new Product(11, "Chocolate"));
            Product p1 = new Product(10, "IceCream");
            System.out.println(1st.indexOf(p1));
      }
}
```

What is the result?

Options:

A- true
B- false
C- -1
D- 0

Answer:

C