Oracle 1Z0-821 Practice Questions

Shared by Howard on 10-11-2026

For More Free Questions and Preparation Resources

Check the Links on Last Page

Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

In an effort to reduce storage space on your server, you would like to eliminate duplicate copies of data in your server's ZFS file systems.

How do you specify that pool1/data should not contain duplicate data blocks (redundant data) on write operations?

Options:

A- zfs create - o compression=on pool1/data
B- zpool create -o deduplication =on pool1; zfs create pool1/data
C- zfs create - o deduplication=on pool1; zfs create pool1/data
D- zfs create - o dedupratio=2 pool1/data
E- zfs create - o dedup=on pool1/data

Answer:

E

Explanation:

ZFS Deduplication Property

Solaris Express Community Edition, build 129: In this Solaris release, you can use the deduplication property to remove redundant data from your ZFS file systems. If a file system has the dedup property enabled, duplicate data blocks are removed synchronously. The result is that only unique data is stored and common components are shared between files.

You can enable this property as follows:

zfs set dedup=on tank/home

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You are having an issue with the shutdown command. You wish to determine if the file is a script or an executable program. Which command would you use to determine this?

Options:

A- od shutdown
B- file shutdown
C- test shutdown
D- cksum shutdown
E- attrib shutdown

Answer:

B

Explanation:

The file command determines the file type file tests each argument in an attempt to classify it. There are three sets of tests, performed in this order: filesystem tests, magic tests, and language tests. The first test that succeeds causes the file type to be printed.

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which files must be edited in order to set up logging of all failed login attempts?

Options:

A- /etc/default/login, /var/adm/loginlog, /etc/syslog.conf
B- /etc/default/login, /var/adm/authlog, /etc/syslog.conf
C- /var/adm/loginlog, /var/adm/authlog, /etc/syslog.conf
D- /etc/default/login, /var/adm/authlog, /var/adm/loginlog

Answer:

B

Explanation:

This procedure captures in a syslog file all failed login attempts.

1. Set up the /etc/default/login file with the desired values for SYSLOG and SYSLOG_FAILED_LOGINS

Edit the /etc/default/login file to change the entry. Make sure that SYSLOG=YES is uncommented.

2. Create a file with the correct permissions to hold the logging information.

Create the authlog file in the /var/adm directory.

3. Edit the syslog.conf file to log failed password attempts.

Send the failures to the authlog file.

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

On which is the open boot prom available?

Options:

A- x86 only
B- x86 64-Bit only
C- SPARC only
D- both x86 and x86 64-Bit
E- x86, x86 64-Bit and SPARC

Answer:

C

Explanation:

No OpenBoot Environment on the Intel Platform. The Intel environment has no OpenBoot PROM or NVRAM. On Intel systems, before the kernel is started, the system is controlled by the basic input/output system (BIOS), the firmware interface on a PC. Therefore, many features provided by OpenBoot are not available on Intel systems.

Note: The Open Boot PROM (OBP) bootloader only exists within SPARC. Before Solaris 10 01/06, the bootloader for Solaris x86 was a Sun customized bootstrap software. After Solaris 10 01/06, it uses GRUB, a well known bootloader that's commonly used in the Linux world.

With GRUB, it's much easier to make the system dual-boot Linux and Solaris. GRUB extends the capabilities of the bootloader that was not available previously such as the ability to boot from a USB DVD drive. Those who have used Linux will be quite familiar with GRUB and its options.

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

To confirm the IP address and netmask have been correctly configured on the network interfaces which command should you use?

Options:

A- ipdilm show-if
B- ipadm show-nic
C- ipadm show-addr
D- ipadm show-ifconfig
E- ipadm show-addripadm show-mask

Answer:

C

Explanation:

Show address information, either for the given addrobj or all the address objects configured on the specified interface, including the address objects that are only in the persistent configuration.

State can be: disabled, down, duplicate, inaccessible, ok, tentative

Example:

ipadm show-addr

ADDROBJ TYPE STATE ADDR

lo0/v4 static ok 127.0.0.1/8

lo0/v6 static ok ::1/128

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You are installing Oracle Solaris 11 on a SPARC-based system by using the Test Installer. Which three statements are true?

Options:

A- The ROOT user will always be configured as a role.
B- The root filesystem will always be deployed on ZFS.
C- The root filesystem will always be located on a local disk.
D- The network can be configured using DHCP.
E- The set of packages that will be installed are server based.
F- You must always create one regular user when installing the system.

Answer:

B, D, E

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which command would you use to determine which package group is installed on your system?

Options:

A- pkg list group/system/*
B- pkg info
C- uname --a
D- cat /var/sadm/system/admin/CLUSTEP

Answer:

B

Explanation:

The pkg info command provides detailed information about a particular IPS package.

Note: The pkginfo command does the same for any SVR4 packages you may have installed on the same system.

pkg info example:

$ pkg info p7zip

Name: compress/p7zip

Summary: The p7zip compression and archiving utility

Description: P7zip is a unix port of the 7-Zip utility. It has support for numerous compression algorithms, including LZMA and LZMA2, as well as for various archive and compression file formats, including 7z, xz, bzip2, gzip, tar, zip (read-write) and cab, cpio, deb, lzh, rar, and rpm (read-only).

Category: System/Core

State: Installed

Publisher: solaris

Build Release: 5.11

Branch: 0.175.0.0.0.2.537

Packaging Date: Wed Oct 19 09:13:22 2011

Size: 6.73 MB

FMRI: pkg://solaris/compress/p7zip@9.20.1, 5.11-0.175.0.0.0.2.537:20111019T091322Z

P2P exams

P2P exams

To Get Premium Files for 1Z0-821 Visit

https://www.p2pexams.com/products/1z0-821

For More Free Questions Visit

https://www.p2pexams.com/oracle/pdf/1z0-821

