Free Questions for AB-730

Shared by Sloan on 24-03-2026

For More Free Questions and Preparation Resources

Check the Links on Last Page

Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You sign in to the Microsoft 365 Copilot app by using your work account as shown in the exhibit.

A colleague tells you that when they open the Microsoft 365 Copilot app, they have access to the Researcher agent. You need to access the Researcher agent.

What should you do?

Options:

A- From Microsoft Edge, use your work account to sign in to https://copilot.microsoft.com.
B- Select Explore agents and then search for Researcher.
C- Sign in to the Copilot app by using a personal account.
D- Request a Microsoft 365 Copilot license from an administrator.

Answer:

B

Explanation:

In Microsoft 365 Copilot, agents such as Researcher are accessed through the Agents experience within the Copilot app. If the user interface does not immediately display a specific agent, the correct action is to browse or search the available agents catalog. The exhibit shows the left navigation pane with an Explore agents option.

According to Microsoft AI Business Professional guidance, built-in and custom agents can be discovered and enabled through the Explore agents section. If the user already has the appropriate Copilot license and is signed in with their work account, there is no need to switch accounts or request another license.

Signing in through a browser does not change feature availability, and using a personal account would remove access to organizational features. Therefore, to access the Researcher agent, you should select Explore agents and search for Researcher.

==========

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You receive the following response to a prompt: "Sorry, it looks like I can't respond to this. Let's try a different topic."

What is a possible cause of the response?

Options:

A- The prompt is too vague to elicit a response.
B- The prompt contains language that violates safety guidelines.
C- The prompt contains more than five requests.
D- The prompt is larger than the allowed context window.

Answer:

B

Explanation:

Microsoft 365 Copilot follows Microsoft's Responsible AI principles and enforces strict content safety policies. When a prompt violates safety guidelines---such as containing harmful, abusive, illegal, or restricted content---the system may refuse to generate a response. The refusal message shown is consistent with safety filtering behavior.

Generative AI systems include moderation layers that evaluate prompts before generating output. If the prompt is classified as unsafe or non-compliant with policy, Copilot blocks the request and encourages the user to try a different topic.

A vague prompt typically results in a generic or clarifying response rather than a refusal. There is no fixed limit of five requests per prompt. Exceeding the context window usually results in truncation or processing errors, not a safety-based refusal message.

Therefore, the most likely cause of the response is that the prompt contains language that violates safety guidelines.

==========

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You sign in to the Microsoft 365 Copilot app by using your work account as shown in the following exhibit

A colleague tells you that when they open the Microsoft 365 Copilot app, they have access to the Researcher agent. You need to access to the Researcher agent.

What should you do?

Options:

A- From Microsoft Edge, use your work account to sign in to https://copilot.microsoft.com.
B- Select Explore agents and then search for Researcher.
C- Sign in to the Copilot app by using a personal account
D- Request a Microsoft 365 Copilot license from an administrator.

Answer:

B

Explanation:

In Microsoft 365 Copilot, agents such as Researcher are accessed through the Agents experience within the Copilot app. If the user interface does not immediately display a specific agent, the correct action is to browse or search the available agents catalog. The exhibit shows the left navigation pane with an Explore agents option.

According to Microsoft AI Business Professional guidance, built-in and custom agents can be discovered and enabled through the Explore agents section. If the user already has the appropriate Copilot license and is signed in with their work account, there is no need to switch accounts or request another license.

Signing in through a browser does not change feature availability, and using a personal account would remove access to organizational features. Therefore, to access the Researcher agent, you should select Explore agents and search for Researcher.

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You use Microsoft 365 Copilot.

You regularly upload the same five files to Copilot chats.

You need to simplify referencing the files in the chats.

What are two ways to achieve the goal?

Options:

A- Send a prompt that includes the files, and then save the prompt.
B- Create a notebook that references the files.
C- Ask the data engineers to create a fine-tuned model.
D- Create an agent that has a knowledge source.
E- Zip the documents and upload the ZIP file to the chats.

Answer:

B, D

Explanation:

Microsoft 365 Copilot provides structured ways to persist and reuse knowledge sources to avoid repeatedly uploading the same files.

Creating a notebook that references the five files (Option B) allows those documents to remain attached within a persistent workspace. Copilot can then consistently ground responses in those files without re-uploading them for every conversation.

Creating an agent with a defined knowledge source (Option D) also provides a reusable solution. By configuring the five files as part of the agent's knowledge base, the agent can automatically reference them in future interactions.

Saving a prompt does not persist file attachments. Fine-tuning models is not part of standard Microsoft 365 Copilot user workflows. Uploading a ZIP file does not improve reference management and may reduce accessibility of individual documents.

Therefore, the correct solutions are to create a notebook that references the files and to create an agent with a knowledge source.

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

In a Microsoft 365 Copilot conversation, you generate a report, and then edit the report in a page. You need to collaborate with a colleague on the report.

What are two ways to achieve the goal?

Options:

A- @mention the colleague in the page.
B- Add the page to a notebook.
C- Open the page in Microsoft Word.
D- Share the page link.

Answer:

A, D

Explanation:

Microsoft 365 Copilot Pages supports collaboration similarly to other Microsoft 365 documents. Collaboration requires notifying or granting access to colleagues.

Using @mentions within the page (Option A) directly notifies the colleague and facilitates collaborative engagement. Sharing the page link (Option D) allows others to access and edit the content according to permissions. These two methods provide complete collaboration workflows.

Adding the page to a notebook does not grant collaborative access. Opening the page in Word changes the editing surface but does not inherently enable collaboration unless shared.

Therefore, the correct answers are A and D.

==========

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You use the Researcher agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot to generate a report.

What can you use to verify whether the report was generated by using valid sources?

Options:

A- citations
B- instructions
C- memory
D- capabilities

Answer:

A

Explanation:

The Researcher agent in Microsoft 365 Copilot is designed to gather and synthesize information from web and organizational sources. To support transparency and trust, Copilot provides citations alongside generated content when external or referenced material is used.

Citations allow users to review the original sources that informed the generated report. This aligns with Microsoft's Responsible AI commitment to transparency and verifiability. By selecting or reviewing citations, users can confirm that the information originates from credible and relevant references rather than unsupported model-generated text.

Instructions define how the agent behaves but do not validate source authenticity. Memory refers to conversational context retention and does not confirm source validity. Capabilities describe what the agent can do, not whether its output is grounded in legitimate sources.

Therefore, to verify that a report generated by the Researcher agent uses valid sources, you should review the citations.

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You are using Microsoft 365 Copilot to enhance your productivity in Microsoft Word.

Which two tasks can you achieve by using Copilot in Word?

Options:

A- Insert a table of contents based on the headings in your document.
B- Insert a custom watermark that has specific text and formatting.
C- Generate a summary of the key points in your document.
D- Customize the page margins to match your company's document standards.

Answer:

A, C

Explanation:

Copilot in Word assists with content generation, summarization, rewriting, and structural organization. It can analyze document headings and insert a table of contents based on structured heading styles, supporting document navigation. It can also generate summaries of key points, which aligns directly with generative AI text analysis capabilities.

Custom watermark formatting and precise page margin configuration are traditional Word formatting functions and are not core generative AI capabilities of Copilot.

Therefore, the correct answers are A and C.

==========

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You are discussing Microsoft 365 Copilot with a colleague. The colleague asks which data Copilot uses to answer questions when using the Work scope.

What should you tell your colleague?

Options:

A- Copilot provides responses based only on the general knowledge that Copilot was trained on.
B- Copilot provides responses based on all the data in your organization's Microsoft 365 environment and the general knowledge that Copilot was trained on.
C- Copilot provides responses based only on data that the user can access and the general knowledge that Copilot was trained on.
D- Copilot provides responses based only on data that the user can access.

Answer:

C

Explanation:

Microsoft 365 Copilot operates within two primary knowledge boundaries: its foundational large language model training data and the organizational data available within the Microsoft 365 tenant. However, Copilot strictly enforces Microsoft's security and compliance model, meaning it only retrieves and uses data that the signed-in user is authorized to access.

When using the Work scope, Copilot combines the general knowledge it was trained on with organizational data such as documents, emails, chats, calendars, and files stored in Microsoft 365. Importantly, Copilot respects role-based access control and existing permissions. It does not surface information from content the user does not have access to.

Option A is incomplete because Work scope includes organizational data. Option B is incorrect because Copilot does not access all tenant data indiscriminately; it is permission-scoped. Option D is incomplete because Copilot also leverages its general training knowledge.

Therefore, the correct explanation is that Copilot provides responses based only on data the user can access, combined with its general training knowledge.

To Get Premium Files for AB-730 Visit
https://www.p2pexams.com/products/ab-730

For More Free Questions Visit
https://www.p2pexams.com/microsoft/pdf/ab-730