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Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

After performing an ANOVA test, an analyst has determined that a significant effect exists due to income. The analyst wants to compare each Income to all others and wants to control for experimentwise error.

Which GLM procedure statement would provide the most appropriate output?

Options:

- A- lsmeans Income / pdiff=control adjust=dunnett;
- B- lsmeans Income / pdiff=control adjust=t;
- C- lsmeans Income / pdiff=all adjust=tukey;
- D- lsmeans Income / pdiff=all adjust=t;

Answer:

A

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

This question will ask you to provide a missing option.

A business analyst is investigating the differences in sales figures across 8 sales regions. The analyst is interested in viewing the regression equation parameter estimates for each of the design variables.

Which option completes the program to produce the regression equation parameter estimates?

```
proc glm data=sales_spring;  
    class region;  
    model finalsales = region / <insert option here> ;  
run;  
quit;
```

Options:

- A- Solve
- B- Estimate
- C- Solution
- D- Est

Answer:

C

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

This question will ask you to provide a missing option.

Given the following SAS program:

```
proc corr data = MYDATA <insert option here> ;  
  var x1 x2 x3 x4 x5;  
  with Target;  
run;
```

What option must be added to the program to obtain a data set containing Spearman statistics?

Options:

- A- OUTCORR=estimates
- B- OUTS=estimates
- C- OUT=estimates

D- OUTPUT=estimates

Answer:

D

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

This question will ask you to provide a segment of missing code.

The following code is used to create missing value indicator variables for input variables, fred1 to fred7.

```
data work.train_mi;  
  
    set work.train;  
  
    array mi{*} MI_fred1-MI_fred7;  
    array x{*} fred1-fred7;  
  
<insert code here>  
  
run;
```

Which segment of code would complete the task?

A

```
do i=1 to dim(mi);  
    mi{i}=(x{i}=" ");  
end;
```

B

```
do i=1 to dim(mi);  
    mi{i}=(x{i}=.);  
end;
```

C

```
do 1 to 7;  
    if missing(array(x{*})) then array(mi{*})=1;  
end;
```

D

```
do 1 to 7;  
    array(mi)=missing(array(x));  
end;
```

Options:

A- Option A

B- Option B

C- Option C

D- Option D

Answer:

C

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What does the Pearson product moment correlation coefficient measure?

Options:

A- nonlinear and nonmonotonic association between two variables

B- linear and monotonic association between two variables

C- linear and nonmonotonic association between two variables

D- nonlinear and monotonic association between two variables

Answer:

B

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An analyst knows that the categorical predictor, `zip_code`, is an important predictor of a binary target. However, `zip_code` has too many levels to be a feasible predictor in a model. The analyst uses PROC CLUSTER to implement Greenacre's method to reduce the number of categorical levels.

What is the correct application of Greenacre's method in this situation?

Options:

- A- Clustering the levels using the target proportion for each `zip_code` as input.
- B- Clustering the levels using the `zip_code` values as input.
- C- Clustering the levels using the number of cases in each `zip_code` as input.
- D- Clustering the levels using dummy coded `zip_code` levels as inputs.

Answer:

A

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