



Scrum PSPO-II Practice Questions

Shared by Nelson on 13-10-2026

For More Free Questions and Preparation Resources

Check the Links on Last Page



Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which of the following might the Scrum Team discuss during a Sprint Retrospective?

(choose the best answer)

Options:

- A- Methods of communication.
- B- The way the Scrum Team does Sprint Planning.
- C- Skills needed to improve the Scrum Team's ability to deliver.
- D- Its Definition of Done.
- E- All of the above.

Answer:

E

Explanation:

According to the Scrum Guide, the purpose of the Sprint Retrospective is to plan ways to increase quality and effectiveness. The Scrum Team inspects how the last Sprint went with regards to individuals, interactions, processes, tools, and their Definition of Done¹. Therefore, all of the options A, B, C, and D are possible topics that the Scrum Team might discuss during a Sprint Retrospective, as they relate to the aspects that the team can improve or adapt. For example, the team might discuss how to communicate better, how to plan the Sprint more effectively, how to acquire new skills or knowledge, or how to update their Definition of Done²³. The Sprint Retrospective is a formal opportunity for the team to focus on inspection and adaptation, and to identify the most helpful changes to implement in the next Sprint¹.

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

You started measuring product feature usage in your last release. You are surprised to learn that a sizable percentage of the features you thought were very important are never or rarely used.

Which of the following actions could you take to further evaluate this unexpected result?

(choose all that apply)

Options:

- A- Spend more time talking to users to identify the impact they seek.
- B- Disable the features that have never been used and listen for feedback.
- C- Run experiments to increase your understanding of what customers find valuable.
- D- Examine whether the rarely used features solve the intended problem.

Answer:

A, C, D

Explanation:

Option A is correct because talking to users is one of the best ways to understand their needs, goals, and pain points. By spending more time with them, you can identify the impact they seek from your product and how your features align with that impact. This will help you validate your assumptions and learn from your customers¹².

Option B is incorrect because disabling features that have never been used is a risky and potentially harmful action. It may cause frustration and confusion for the users who rely on those features, or who may want to use them in the future. It may also damage your reputation and trust with your customers. Instead of disabling features, you should seek feedback from your users and understand why they are not using them³⁴.

Option C is correct because running experiments is a powerful way to increase your understanding of what customers find valuable. By testing different hypotheses and measuring the outcomes, you can learn from your data and evidence. You can also use experiments to validate your ideas and assumptions before investing in building features⁵.

Option D is correct because examining whether the rarely used features solve the intended problem is a crucial step to evaluate your product performance. You should review your product vision and goals, and assess how your features contribute to them. You should also analyze the feedback and data you have collected from your users and stakeholders, and identify any gaps or mismatches between your features and their needs .

:

1: Product Backlog Management

2: Stakeholders and Customers

3: Product Value

4: Evidence-Based Management

5: Product Vision

: Forecasting and Release Planning

: [Business Strategy](https://www

Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

A Sprint forecast is:

(Select the best answer)



Options:

- A- A commitment the Developers makes to deliver a particular set of Product Backlog items.
- B- Useful for the stakeholders to know what will be included in future releases.
- C- The amount of work the Developers believe they can complete in that Sprint.
- D- A useful tool for management to understand team performance and capacity.

Answer:

C

Explanation:

A sprint forecast is an estimate of what can be achieved in an upcoming Sprint. During Sprint planning, the team reviews the Product Backlog and selects stories that can be completed in the next Sprint based on the team's velocity and capacity. The forecast is a pragmatic commitment to a realistic amount of work¹. The forecast helps the team plan their tasks, prioritize their goals, and set realistic expectations for what they can accomplish during the Sprint. It also helps them to identify any potential risks or issues that could arise during the course of the Sprint². The forecast is not a guarantee or a promise, but rather a best guess based on the current information and assumptions³. The forecast can be updated during the Sprint as new information emerges or as the team learns from their work⁴. The forecast is a useful tool for the Product Owner to communicate with the stakeholders about the progress and the value delivered by the team.

Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Who is responsible for the Sprint Backlog?

Options:

- A- The Developers.
- B- The Scrum Master.
- C- The Product Owner.
- D- The Scrum Team.



Answer:

A

Explanation:

The Sprint Backlog is one of the three Scrum artifacts, alongside the Product Backlog and the Increment. It is a dynamic plan that contains:

The selected Product Backlog items for the Sprint.

A plan for delivering the Increment and achieving the Sprint Goal.

The tasks and work needed to complete the selected items.

The Scrum Guide explicitly states that the Sprint Backlog is owned and managed solely by the Developers.

Analysis of Answer Choices:

Option A: The Developers (Correct)

The Developers create, maintain, and update the Sprint Backlog throughout the Sprint.

They have full ownership over their work and the plan required to meet the Sprint Goal.

As self-managing professionals, only the Developers decide how to accomplish their work.

Option B: The Scrum Master (Incorrect)

The Scrum Master is a servant leader and coach, not responsible for managing the Sprint Backlog.

They help the Scrum Team understand and follow Scrum practices, but they do not own or control artifacts.

Option C: The Product Owner (Incorrect)

The Product Owner manages the Product Backlog, ensuring it is prioritized to maximize value.

However, they do not dictate how work is done in a Sprint or modify the Sprint Backlog.

Option D: The Scrum Team (Incorrect)

While the Scrum Team (Developers, Product Owner, and Scrum Master) collaborates, the Sprint Backlog belongs exclusively to the Developers.

Key Scrum Guide Principles Supporting This Answer:

'The Sprint Backlog is a plan by and for the Developers. It is highly visible, real-time, and should be adapted as needed throughout the Sprint.'

'Only the Developers can change the Sprint Backlog during a Sprint.'

Conclusion:

The Developers are fully responsible for the Sprint Backlog. They create, modify, and own the plan to meet the Sprint Goal, ensuring agility and self-management.

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An effective Product Owner must:

(choose the best answer)

Options:

- A- Ensure that every stakeholder need is met.
- B- Be the 'expert' opinion for all Product Backlog items.
- C- Ensure that the team is as productive as possible.
- D- Be the single point of contact for all stakeholders.
- E- All of the above.
- F- None of the above.

Answer:

F

Explanation:

None of the options given are accurate descriptions of what an effective Product Owner must do. According to the PSPO II resources, an effective Product Owner must:

Develop and communicate a clear and compelling Product Goal that aligns with the organization's vision and strategy.

Manage the Product Backlog by refining, ordering, and prioritizing items that deliver value to customers and users.

Collaborate with stakeholders and the Scrum Team to understand their needs, expectations, and feedback.

Empower the Scrum Team to make decisions and self-organize around the Sprint Goal and the Product Backlog items.

Experiment and validate assumptions using empirical evidence and data.

Optimize the value of the product and the work of the Scrum Team.

Continuously inspect and adapt the product and the process based on the outcomes and feedback.

Reference:

1: The Scrum Guide

2: Product Owner Learning Path

3: Product Owner Competencies

4: Evidence-Based Management

5: Product Strategy

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which of the following might the Scrum Team discuss during a Sprint Retrospective?

(Select the best answer)

Options:

A- Methods of communication.

B- The way the Scrum Team does Sprint Planning.

- C- Skills needed to improve the Scrum Team's ability to deliver.
- D- Its Definition of Done.
- E- All of the above.

Answer:

E

Explanation:

According to the Scrum Guide, the purpose of the Sprint Retrospective is to plan ways to increase quality and effectiveness. The Scrum Team inspects how the last Sprint went with regards to individuals, interactions, processes, tools, and their Definition of Done¹. Therefore, all of the options A, B, C, and D are possible topics that the Scrum Team might discuss during a Sprint Retrospective, as they relate to the aspects that the team can improve or adapt. For example, the team might discuss how to communicate better, how to plan the Sprint more effectively, how to acquire new skills or knowledge, or how to update their Definition of Done²³. The Sprint Retrospective is a formal opportunity for the team to focus on inspection and adaptation, and to identify the most helpful changes to implement in the next Sprint¹.

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

When determining the ordering of an item on the Product Backlog, what are some things a Product Owner should consider?

(choose the best four answers)

Options:

- A- Importance to users or customers.
- B- Alignment with organizational strategy and goals.
- C- Risk. For example; business risk, market risk, or technology risk.
- D- Alignment with other Product Backlog items.
- E- The techniques the Developers will use to implement the item.

Answer:

A, B, C, D

Explanation:

- A . Importance to users or customers: The value an item brings to the customer is a key factor in ordering the Product Backlog1.
- B . Alignment with organizational strategy and goals: The Product Owner should consider how well an item aligns with the organization's strategy and goals1.
- C . Risk: Business, market, and technology risks are important considerations when ordering the Product Backlog1.
- D . Alignment with other Product Backlog items: Dependencies and impact on other items in the Product Backlog should be considered1.

Question 8

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which phrase best describes a Product Owner?

(choose the best answer)

Options:

- A- Go-between for the Developers and customers.
- B- Requirements engineer.
- C- Team manager.
- D- Value maximizer.

Answer:

D

Explanation:

According to the Scrum Guide, the Product Owner is accountable for maximizing the value of the product resulting from the work of the Scrum Team1. This means that the Product Owner is responsible for defining, prioritizing, and delivering the features and functionalities that create the most value for the customers, users, and stakeholders of the product2. The Product Owner does this by managing the Product Backlog, collaborating with the Developers and the Scrum Master, validating the product assumptions and hypotheses, and measuring the outcomes and impacts of the product3. The Product Owner is not just a go-between, a requirements engineer, a

team manager, or any other traditional role, but rather a value maximizer who drives the product vision and strategy, and ensures that the product delivers the desired benefits and solves the real problems⁴



To Get Premium Files for PSPO-II Visit

<https://www.p2pexams.com/products/pspo-ii>

For More Free Questions Visit

<https://www.p2pexams.com/scrum/pdf/pspo-ii>

20%
DISCOUNT

P2P
exams