

Free Questions for 200-201 by vceexamstest

Shared by Bishop on 06-06-2022

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0	uestion	Type:	Multin	pleChoice
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During which phase of the forensic process are tools and techniques used to extract information from the collected data?

Options:

- A- investigation
- **B-** examination
- C- reporting
- D- collection

Answer:

D

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An engineer must compare NIST vs ISO frameworks The engineer deeded to compare as readable documentation and also to watch a comparison video review. Using Windows 10 OS, the engineer started a browser and searched for a NIST document and then opened a new tab in the same browser and searched for an ISO document for comparison

The engineer tried to watch the video, but there 'was an audio problem with OS so the engineer had to troubleshoot it At first the engineer started CMD and looked fee a driver path then locked for a corresponding registry in the registry editor The engineer enabled "Audiosrv" in task manager and put it on auto start and the problem was solved Which two components of the OS did the engineer touch? (Choose two)

Options:

A- permissions

B- PowerShell logs

C- service

D- MBR

E- process and thread

Answer:

A, C

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Refer to the exhibit.

```
Nov 30 17:48:43 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23001]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:44 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23001]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:46 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23003]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:46 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23003]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:46 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23003]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:46 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23003]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:48 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23005]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:48 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23005]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:48 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23005]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:49 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23005]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:51 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23007]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:51 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23007]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:51 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23007]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:51 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23007]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:54 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23009]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:54 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23009]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:54 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23009]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:54 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23009]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:56 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23011]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:56 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23011]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:56 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23011]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:56 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23011]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:59 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23013]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
Nov 30 17:48:59 ip-172-31-27-153 sshd[23013]: Invalid user password from 218.26.11.11
```

A security analyst is investigating unusual activity from an unknown IP address Which type of evidence is this file1?

Options:	
A- indirect evidence	
B- best evidence	
C- corroborative evidence	
D- direct evidence	
Answer:	
A	
Question 4	
Question Type: MultipleChoice	
An engineer received a flood of phishing emails from HR with the source address HRjacobm@companycom. What is the threat action is a second of the source address HRjacobm@companycom.	tor in
this scenario?	

Options:

A- phishing email



Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is the difference between vulnerability and risk?

Options:

- A- A vulnerability is a sum of possible malicious entry points, and a risk represents the possibility of the unauthorized entry itself.
- B- A risk is a potential threat that an exploit applies to, and a vulnerability represents the threat itself
- C- A vulnerability represents a flaw in a security that can be exploited, and the risk is the potential damage it might cause.
- D- A risk is potential threat that adversaries use to infiltrate the network, and a vulnerability is an exploit

Answer:

C

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Refer to the exhibit.

```
DN5
                                                                                            Standard guery NULL zi03aA-Aaahhh-Drink-mal-ein-3\344ger
       7 0.007103
                                     10.0.2.30
                                                            10.0.2.20
                                                                                   DNS
      8 0.007233
                                                            10.0.2.30
                                     10.0.2.20
                                                                                            Standard query response NULL
                                                                                   DNS
      9 0.007348
                                                                                            Standard query NULL zi04aA-La-fl\373te-na\357ve-fran\347a
                                     10.0.2.30
                                                            10.0.2.20
     10 0.007460
                                                                                   DNS
                                                            10.0.2.30
                                     10.0.2.20
                                                                                            Standard query response NULL
                                                                                            Standard query NULL ziOSaAbBcCdDeEfFgGhHiIj3kKlLmMnNoOpPo
     11 0.007567
                                     10.0.2.30
                                                            10.0.2.20
                                                                                   DNS
     12 0.007677
                                                            10.0.2.30
                                                                                   DNS
                                                                                            Standard query response NULL
                                     10.0.2.20
     13 0.007783
                                                                                   DNS
                                                                                            Standard query NULL zilaaA0123456789\274\275\276\277\300
                                     10.0.2.30
                                                            10.0.2.20
     14 0.007892
                                     10.0.2.20
                                                            10.0.2.30
                                                                                   DNS
                                                                                            Standard query response NULL
     15 0.007996
                                     10.0.2.30
                                                            10.0.2.20
                                                                                            Standard query NULL zi1baA\320\321\322\323\324\325\326\32
 + Frame 1 (82 bytes on wire, 82 bytes captured)
  Ethernet II, Src: CadmusCo_9c:e0:b4 (08:00:27:9c:e0:b4), Dst: CadmusCo_c7:6e:ba (08:00:27:c7:6e:ba)
  Internet Protocol, Src: 10.0.2.30 (10.0.2.30), Dst: 10.0.2.20 (10.0.2.20)
  User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 44639 (44639), Dst Port: domain (53)
  Domain Name System (query)
    Transaction ID: 0x12b0
  # Flags: 0x0100 (Standard query)
    Questions: 1
    Answer RRs: 0
    Authority RRs: 0
    Additional RRs: 0

    Queries

    ∀aaaakardli.pirate.sea: type NULL, class IN

         Name: vaaaakardli.pirate.sea
         Type: NULL (Null resource record)
0000 08 00 27 c7 6e ba 08 00 27 9c e0 b4 08 00 45 00
                                                           ...n...E.
0010 00 44 00 00 40 00 40 11 22 78 0a 00 02 1e 0a 00
0020 02 14 ae 5f 00 35 00 30 01 e4 12 b0 01 00 00 01
                                                           ..._.5.0 .....
0030 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 06 76 61 61 61 61 65 61 72 64 0040 65 69 06 70 69 72 61 74 65 03 73 65 61 00 00 0a 0050 00 01
                                                            li.pirat e.sea...
```

What is occurring?

Options:

A- ARP flood

B- DNS amplification

- C- ARP poisoning
- D- DNS tunneling

Answer:

D

Question 7

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Refer to the exhibit.

														1	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5
	*						10								- 1
QR			ode	- 1	AA	TC	RD	RA		Z	-		RCO	ЮE	1
						0	DC0	UNT							- 1
						٨	NCO	UNT							İ
! !						N	ISC0	UNT							-
++- [UNT							1

Which field contains DNS header information if the payload is a query or a response?

Options:

A-Z

B- ID

C- TC

D- QR

Answer:

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is the difference between deep packet inspection and stateful inspection?

Options:

- A- Deep packet inspection gives insights up to Layer 7, and stateful inspection gives insights only up to Layer 4.
- B- Deep packet inspection is more secure due to its complex signatures, and stateful inspection requires less human intervention.
- C- Stateful inspection is more secure due to its complex signatures, and deep packet inspection requires less human intervention.
- D- Stateful inspection verifies data at the transport layer and deep packet inspection verifies data at the application layer

Answer:

В

Question 9

Question Type: MultipleChoice

Which metric in CVSS indicates an attack that takes a destination bank account number and replaces it with a different bank account number?

Options:

A- availability

B- confidentiality

C- scope

D- integrity

Answer:

D

Question 10

Question Type: MultipleChoice

What is a difference between tampered and untampered disk images?

Options:

- **A-** Tampered images have the same stored and computed hash.
- **B-** Tampered images are used as evidence.
- **C-** Untampered images are used for forensic investigations.
- D- Untampered images are deliberately altered to preserve as evidence

Answer:

В

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