



Free Questions for 2V0-17.25

Shared by Cannon on 16-04-2026

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Question 1

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An administrator is deploying a new VCF instance in an existing fleet. Which three components must be deployed? (Choose three.)

Options:

- A- vCenter
- B- vSphere Supervisor
- C- VCF Automation
- D- NSX Manager
- E- SDDC Manager
- F- VCF Installer



Answer:

A, D, E

Explanation:

The VCF 9.0 Deployment Guide states:

"Each new VCF instance requires its own management domain consisting of vCenter Server, NSX Manager cluster, and SDDC Manager."

vCenter (A) is required to manage ESXi hosts and clusters.

NSX Manager (D) provides software-defined networking for the instance.

SDDC Manager (E) is the lifecycle and management component central to each VCF instance.

Supervisor (B) is optional and only enabled if Kubernetes workloads are required. VCF Automation (C) is a separate solution, not part of the core instance bring-up. VCF Installer (F) is the deployment tool, not a persistent component. Thus, the correct components to deploy are vCenter, NSX Manager, and SDDC Manager.

Question 2

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An administrator is tasked with creating a new VLAN-backed segment in a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) environment to provide connectivity for a group of Virtual Machines (VMs). Which two actions must the administrator take when creating a VLAN-backed segment in NSX Networking? (Select two.)

Options:

- A- Define the default gateway IP address.
- B- Specify VLAN ID.
- C- Bind to segment profiles.
- D- Connect segment to Tier-1 gateway.
- E- Specify VLAN transport zone.



Answer:

B, E

Explanation:

To create a VLAN segment in NSX, you must create it in a VLAN transport zone and provide a VLAN ID. The NSX documentation states you "set up VLAN transport zones to... connect VLAN segments," and when creating a VLAN-backed segment you select the VLAN transport zone. The segment creation flow shows "Segment Type: VLAN" with required "VLAN ID" entry and transport zone selection; gateways are not required to merely create a L2 segment. Default gateway IP and Tier-1 attachment are applicable for routed (overlay/T1) use cases, not mandatory for a basic VLAN L2 network; segment profiles can be applied but are not required to create the segment. Thus, the two required actions are selecting the VLAN transport zone and specifying the VLAN ID.



Question 3

Question Type: MultipleChoice

After a migration to VCF 9.0, an administrator must import only logging data newer than 90 days from Aria Operations for Logs 8.x into VCF Operations for Logs. If VCF Operations for Logs has enough space available, what is the correct way to achieve this?

Options:

- A- Configure log forwarding in Aria Operations for Logs.

- B- Import logs from an NFS archive used for Aria Operations for Logs.
- C- Initiate the transfer from the Control Panel in VCF Operations.
- D- Initiate the transfer from Aria Operations for Logs.

Answer:

C

Explanation:

VCF 9.0 introduces Log Data Transfer initiated from VCF Operations. The docs say: "You can transfer log data for up to 90 days from Aria Operations for Logs 8.x... The migrated logs are stored in VCF Operations for logs." and "To transfer logs... navigate to the Logs Data Transfer card in Administration > Control Panel... click the INITIATE TRANSFER button... You can select the duration of logs to transfer..." (emphasis added).

They further clarify that simple forwarding does not transfer already ingested logs: "Forward logs... does not transfer already ingested logs. Transfer historical logs up to 90 days... using the Log Data Transfer feature in VCF Operations."

Hence, the correct action is to initiate the transfer in VCF Operations (Administration > Control Panel > Logs Data Transfer).

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Question 4

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An administrator has been asked to create a dashboard in VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Operations and share it with a specific group of users.

The following requirements have been provided:

The users must be authenticated in VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) Operations.

The individual users should receive access to this dashboard for 3 months after which it must be revoked automatically.

Which three steps should the administrator take to complete the stated requirements? (Choose three.)

Options:

- A- Schedule and send a report using the dashboard as a view.
- B- Create an embedded code to the dashboard.
- C- Grant access for 3 months.
- D- Use Identity Broker to authenticate users.
- E- Grant users access to the dashboard.
- F- Publish the embedded code on the company intranet.

Answer:

C, D, E



Explanation:

The VCF 9.0 Operations Access Control Guide describes how dashboard sharing and user access is managed:

Identity Broker Authentication (D):

All external users must authenticate via the VCF Identity Broker, which integrates with Active Directory, LDAP, or other identity providers. Documentation states: "Identity Broker provides single sign-on and federation, ensuring users are authenticated consistently across VCF Operations and Automation services."

Grant Access to Dashboard (E):

After authentication, the administrator must explicitly grant access to the dashboard for the specified group. This ensures that only the intended users can view or interact with the dashboard.

Set Time-Bound Access (C):

VCF Operations supports time-bound access policies. The documentation specifies: "Access can be granted with an expiration period, ensuring access is automatically revoked after the configured interval (for example, 90 days)." This aligns with the 3-month requirement.

Other options are not suitable:

Reports (A) only send static data, not interactive dashboard access.

Embedded code (B, F) bypasses access control and does not provide authentication or time-limited sharing, which violates the security requirement.

Thus, the correct three steps are: Use Identity Broker (D), Grant access to dashboard (E), and Configure 3-month access expiration (C).

Question 5

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An administrator is preparing to create a new workload domain within an existing VCF instance. Which two tasks must be completed before starting the deployment workflow? (Select two.)

Options:

- A- Commission the new ESX hosts into the existing VCF instance from the new workload domain vCenter.
- B- Commission the new ESX hosts into the existing VCF instance from the management domain vCenter.
- C- Pre-install a supported ESX version onto the server with VCF Installer.
- D- Pre-install a supported ESX version onto the server using a valid ISO image.
- E- Commission the new ESX hosts into the existing VCF instance from VCF Installer.

Answer:

B, D

Explanation:

The VCF 9.0 Deployment Guide notes: "All ESXi hosts must be installed with a supported ESXi version using a VMware ISO before they are commissioned into SDDC Manager. Commissioning is always performed via the management domain vCenter." The new workload domain vCenter does not exist until the domain is deployed, ruling out option A. The VCF Installer is used for initial bring-up, not workload domain expansion (E). Therefore, the two required steps are: install ESXi using a valid ISO (D) and commission hosts via the management domain vCenter (B).

Question 6

Question Type: MultipleChoice

An administrator must configure a new Project in the Development tenant of VCF Automation. The requirement is to minimize ongoing management overhead as new developers onboard. Which four steps should be taken? (Choose four.)

Options:

- A- Log in to the Development tenant as a Project Administrator.
- B- Assign at least one Cloud Zone to the Project.
- C- Assign both Project Administrators and Project Members to the Project using Active Directory Users.
- D- Create a new Project.
- E- Assign at least one Namespace to the Project.
- F- Log in to the Development tenant as an Organization Administrator.
- G- Assign both Project Administrators and Project Members to the Project using Active Directory Groups.

Answer:

A, B, D, G

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed

According to the VCF Automation 9.0 Guide, project creation requires administrative login at the tenant level: "To create a new project, log in as a Project Administrator of that tenant." . After creation, projects must be mapped to Cloud Zones to determine compute placement. The document also emphasizes: "For scalable user management, assign groups from Active Directory to roles within projects rather than individual users." This reduces management overhead as new members join.

Namespaces are not mandatory unless Kubernetes Supervisor is being integrated, which is not required in this scenario. Likewise, logging in as an Organization Administrator (F) is not needed for tenant-level project creation. Therefore, the correct steps are: Log in as Project Admin (A), Create a Project (D), Assign a Cloud Zone (B), and Use Active Directory Groups for membership (G). This ensures minimal ongoing administrative effort.

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